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ABSTRACT

The study of task identification in clothing, apparel, and textile services presents statistical correlations of task frequencies obtained by questionnaire in six task clusters for the occupations of fabric specialist, tailor, alternation specialist, dry cleaner, launderer, and clothing apparel and textile service occupations. One-way matrices present, for each occupation, task clusters and tasks within each cluster arranged vertically in descending order of overall mean frequency of performance. A two-way matrix correlates task information for all six occupations, with occupations arranged horizontally and task clusters and individual tasks within each cluster arranged vertically in descending order of commonality of performance as indicated by overall mean frequency scores. A four-page bibliography is included together with eight appendixes which provide letters of transmittal, the task checklist questionnaire for each occupation, tables on schooling and training levels for each occupation and on the rank, mean range, standard deviation, and variance for each cluster in each occupation descriptors used in an MRIC search, job opportunities in clothing apparel and textile services, an Howa congressional map, a list of resource people, and additional task lists. (JR)

# Identification of Tasks in Home Economics Related Occupations

INSTITUTIONAL AND HOUSEHOLD MAINTENANCE

CARE/DEVELOPMENT OF CHILDREN

FAMILY AND COMMUNITY SERVICES

CLOTHING, APPAREL, AND TEXTILE SERVICES

FOOD SERVICE

INTERIOR DESIGN AND FURNISHINGS

Developed by the Departments of Home Economics Education at lowa State University and University of Northern Towa in cooperation with the Iowa Department of Public Instruction

# IDENTIFICATION OF TASKS IN HOME ECONOMICS RELATED. OCCUPATIONS

Clothing, Apparel, and Textile Services

Developed by the Departments of Home Economics Education at Iowa State University and University of Northern Iowa in cooperation with the Iowa Department of Public Instruction under research projects funded by Part C, P.L. 90-576

1974

State of Iowa
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Grimes State Office Building
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#### FOREWORD

This publication is one of a series of six publications designed to provide data pertaining to the performance of tasks in specific gainful occupations related to home economics. These data may be used in developing appropriate objectives and curricular content for the preparation of individuals to enter the specific occupations studied.

The six subject areas of home economics for related occupations investigated are a modification of the consumer homemaking cluster, which is one of the fifteen United States Office of Education clusters. They include institutional and household maintenance services, child care and development, housing and interior design, food service, family and community services, and clothing and apparel services:

Each of the six publications provides for its respective field a listing of major job categories within the field and the functions and tasks required for the job arranged according to clusters of similar tasks.

These publications are available from the State Director, Career Education Division, Department of Public Instruction, Grimes State Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa, 50319.

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Billie Lou Sands, Director of the Study

Dorothy Lee Clausen, Research Associate

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# IDENTIFICATION OF TASKS FOR CLOTHING APPAREL AND TEXTILE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS.

#### IN IOWA

#### INTRODUCTION

of clothing and textiles. Consequently, there has been a need to increase occupational instruction in this area, particularly at the secondary and postsecondary levels.

The absence of a clear guide to facilitate curriculum development for this instruction has been a handicap to local curriculum
planners who wish to expand career preparation in the Clothing Apparel
and Textile Service occupations.

To be of greatest benefit to local planners the guide should include descriptions of the occupations in the Clothing Apparel and Textiles Services, the basic on-the-job tasks performed in those occupations, and the qualifications and training suggested to function successfully in them. The guide should be adapted to local teaching programs and would provide planners with essential information for meeting the employment preparation needs of students.

#### PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The purpose of this study was to collect essential data for use in the development of a guide which would provide a base for curriculum development and subsequent implementation of occupational instruction in the area of Clothing Apparel and Textiles at the

secondary and postsecondary levels.

The primary focus of this study was to identify and validate those tasks performed by employees with less than a baccalaureate degree in Clothing Apparel and Textile Service occupations in Iowa.

The objectives for this study were:

#### Phase I

- 1. to prepare from available literature, a tentative list of occupations in Clothing Apparel and Textile Services requiring less than baccalaureate preparation.
- 2. to prepare a tentative list of jobs available in these lowa occupations.
- 3. to prepare, from available literature, a tentative list of tasks needed for each occupation listed in objective one.

#### Phase II

- 4. to identify, through surveying and interviewing employers, supervisors, and employees, tasks needed for Clothing Apparel and Textile Occupations available in Towa.
- 5. to develop a questionnaire to determine relative frequency of performed tasks identified for each occupation.
- 6. to develop a task matrix for use by local teachers in curriculum development in Aothing Apparel and Textile

  Service occupations in Iowa requiring less than baccalaureate preparation.

#### · DEFINITION OF TERMS

The following terms are defined for better understanding of this study:

- 1. Clothing Apparel and Textile Service Occupations are those occupations which serve the consumer by either improving ready-to-wear garments, or by construction of garments.
- Q. Tasks are a logically related set of observable actions which contribute to a job objective.
- 3. Fabric Specialist: One who works with the home sever through fabric stores, sewing machine centers and/or retail stores.
- 4. <u>Tailor</u>: One who constructs garments from start to finish according to customer specifications and measurements.
- 5. Alteration Specialist: One who repairs clothing and/or makes alterations on men's and women's ready-to-wear garments as required by the customer.
- to preserve and restore garment design and quality through modern dry cleaning skills of spot removing, cleaning, and finishing.
- 7. Launderer: One who works with garments, linens, or flat work to improve their quality and appearance through modern methods of washing, ironing, and finishing.

#### REVIEW OF BACKGROUND/LITERATURE

The broad job field of Clothing Apparel and Textile Service occupations gives rise to a great opportunity for those people who do not have a baccalaureate degree. Opportunities for persons vary within a specific job and the amount of training one has had for the job. Ann Gorman found in her study that three broad occupations would offer many opportunities to persons. These occupational areas were: (1) technical and managerial occupations, including designing and management; (2) service occupations, including laundry and dry cleaning services; and finally, (3) processing occupations, including tailors, dressmakers, seamstresses and alteration tailors.

The American Textile Manufacturer's Institute Incorporated states that there will be decreasing opportunities for low-skilled workers but increasing opportunities for well-trained personnel.

A similar thought is echoed by H. A. Cabrin. 3

A relatively new job field of prominence in Clothing Apparel and Textile Services is that of textile merchandising. Kitty Dickerson in her article, "Textile Training for Retailers" in the Journal of Home Economics stresses that it is becoming increasingly difficult for salespeople to answer consumers, questions on performance and care

Anna M. Gorman, An Instructional Program for Teachers of Occupational Training Programs Utilizing Home Economics Knowledge and Skill, Lexington: University of Kentucky, September, 1966.

William E. Hopke (ed.), Encyclopedia of Careers and Vocational Guidance: Careers and Occupations, Vol. II, Chicago: J. G. Ferguson Publishing Company, 1972.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Tbid., p. 93-103.

of the many new items. However, in order to sell their products, it is important that retail personnel be able to give meaningful textile information to consumers. The California State Department of Employment states that personnel with specialized training in fabric, pattern, and notion merchandising could find positions at any time.

The current demand for women skilled in performing alterations far exceeds those available. Talented alterationists can choose full-time work in any number of retail outlets or part-time work in the home. A clothing assistant would be able to find openings in dry cleaning and laundry establishments as well as working with skilled alterationists or tailors.

Bernice Mallory suggests in her article, "Auxilliary Workers: Rey to Enlarging Our Potential," that various professional people in Home Economics need to analyze jobs, prepare job descriptions, define qualifications, and train persons to fill jobs for which baccalaureate training is not required, but currently are held by professionals.

A study limited to employment opportunities and characteristics of

Kitty Dickerson, "Textile Training for Retailers," Journal of Home Economics, XLVIII; (March, 1966), 205

Beatrice Warren, "Training for Vocations: Acquiring Fabric Know-How," Forecast, XIV, (February, 1969), 73.

Mary Ann Zenther, "Training for Vocations: Meeting the Need for Alterationists," Edrecast, XIV, (Rebruary, 1909) (73)

Barbara Clawson, Clothing Assistant, Lubbork: Pexas Technological University, September, 1969

Bernice Mallory, "Auxilliary Workers: Key to Enlarging Our Potential," Journal of Home Economics, IX, (October, 1968), 3-6

decupations within the state of Florida offers similar suggestions.

This study found that the following business types would employ personnel with home economics knowledge and skills in clothing and textiles: (a) bridal shops, (b) clothing stores, (c) women's apparel shops (d) dry cleaners, (e) laundries, (f) linen services, (g) fabric stores, and (h) sewing machine stores: These employers felt that the necessary competencies could be attained through a program at the post secondary level with less than a B.A. degree needed.

Agnes Fénster Ridley, Gainful Employment in Home Economics:
Phase I, An Assessment of the Occupational Opportunities in the State of Florida Utilizing Knowledge and Skills Derived from the Field of Home Fromomics, Tallahassee: Florida State University; June, 1967.

#### PHASE I PROCEDURES AND RESULTS.

Phase I of the study included the development of:

- Apparel and Textile Services,
  - b) a tentative list of tasks needed for each occupa-
  - c) a list of jobs available in Towa.

Four previously developed state studies were used to initiate the completion of the objectives for Phase I of the study. See Page 2 for the objectives of Phase I. A tentative list and the definition for each occupation in the Clothing Apparel and Textile Services was taken from the Occupational Outlook Handbook 10 and the Dictionary of Occupational Terms. 11 The state studies of Alabama 12 and Kentucky 13 also used these definitions and occupational listings. Occupational listings were supplemented by referring to clothing textbooks, unpublished research and occupational literature. A tentative list of

<sup>10</sup>U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics Bulletin 1700, Occupational Outlook Handbook. 1792-73 edition, Washington: Government Printing Office, 1973.

Beatrice O'Donnell, Worker Requirements and Methods of Entry into Home and Community Occupations Related to Home Economics: Brief Descriptions of Areas of Work and Worker Trait Groups for Individual Occupations, East Lansing: Michigan State University; Educational Publication Services, January, 1967.

<sup>12</sup> Revised Outline for the Preparatory Course in Occupational Home Economics in the Field of Clothing, Textiles, and Home Furnishing Services, Montgomery: Alabama State Department of Education, 1966.

<sup>13</sup>Anna M. Gorman, An Instructional Program for Teachers of Occupational Training Programs Utilizing Home Economics Knowledge and Skill, Lexington: University of Kentuck, September, 1966.

four large areas of clothing Apparel and Textile Services were identified as follows: Clothing Specialist, Clothing Maintenance, Fabric Specialist, and Apparel Industry. Within each of these areas, a number of individual occupations were identified, each with various job titles or sub-occupations.

The majority of the research that has already been completed and available is in the areas of Clothing Specialist and Clothing Maintenance occupations. Previous studies have developed task lists, employment opportunities and competency lists needed for job tasks. Major task lists for these two areas were developed.

The Outline for Occupational Home Economics Course in Commercial Sewing and Alterations developed by the state of Alabama furnished the initial job task list for the Clothing Specialist occupations developed in this study. This job task list was further developed by using Ridley's study of occupational opportunities in the state of Florida. Two separate task lists were developed for the tailor and alteration specialist occupations. Additional tasks were added to these lists and some were deleted after other studies were consulted.

The second area, Clothing Maintenance, also included two major occupations, dry cleaning and laundry. The process used to

Sewing and Alterations, Montgomery: Alabama State Department of Education, 1966.

<sup>15</sup> Ridley, op. cit.

develop task lists for these two occupations was similar to the process used for the area of Clothing Specialist. It was difficult to develop task lists for the dry cleaning and laundry occupations. because of the direction these occupations can take. Both dry cleaning and commercial laundry establishments can be owned and operated by one or two persons who would do all the various jobs within each occupation, or each establishment can have many employees who do only one or two jobs during the entire work day. Task lists for these two occupations, dry cleaning and laundry, included all possible jobs within each occupation. Bulletins furnished by each of these occupational industries provided additional information for the final task list. 16, 17

Very few studies or task lists have been developed for the third area, the Fabric Specialist, or the Fabric Salesperson. This is not a new occupation but rather one that has become much more important to the consumer with the increased interest in creative home sewing. Studies by Lamb and William developed lists of competencies for a fabric salesperson. The task list for this study

<sup>16</sup> National Institute of Dry Cleaning, Opportunity and A Future in the Dry Cleaning Industry; Maryland.

<sup>17</sup> International Fabricare Institute, Job Opportunities in the Laundry Industry, Joliet, Illinois.

<sup>18</sup> Jane Marie Lamb, "Identification of Certain Textile Know-ledges Needed by Fabric Salespeople," unpublished Master's thesis, University of Tennessee, 1970.

Ann E. William, "Textile Facts Known by Sales Personnel," unpublished Master's thesis, Colorado State University, 1971.

was developed by referring to these two lists, scanning related books and textbooks for competencies needed to work with fabrics, and interviewing persons working in fabric outlets in the Waterloo-Cedar Falls area to obtain a listing of their on-the-job duties.

The fourth area, Clothing Apparel and Textile Industry in Iowa, presented many problems. First, job descriptions of individual occupations were not readily available for those jobs that did not require a baccalaureate degree. Second, after a survey of the industries in Iowa, the majority of the industries have on-the-job training programs because each industry had their own specific way of handling the garment from start to completion. Thirdly, job opportunities within the Clothing Apparel and Textile Industry varied because the majority of the Iowa based industries are subsidiaries for large garment companies and are only involved in partial steps of garment construction. After personnel directors and plant managers returned a questionnaire with their comments, it was decided that this area should be eliminated from the study.

The list of job opportunities in the Clothing Apparel and Textile Services was developed from previous studies and then compared with listings from the Iowa Employment Security Commission . (See Appendix E , pages 102-103.)

#### PRASE II PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

#### Population and Sample

The population for this study included all persons employed in the following Iowa Clothing Apparel and Textile Service occupations:

- 1. Fabric Specialist
- 2. Tailor .
- 3. Alteration Specialist
- 4. Dry Cleaner
- 5. Launderer

An employer's listing for Clothing Apparel and Textile Service occupations was compiled by using files from the Iowa Employment Security Commission 20 and telephone directories. A total of approximately 600 communities was used to develop the initial listing of all Chothing Apparel and Textile Service employers.

The sampling procedure for each of the five occupations was as follows:

1. Fabric Specialists 
All fabric retail stores, dry good outlets and sewing machine outlets were listed. The sample of employers included the entire population of 179.

<sup>20</sup> Mr. James T. Klein, in his letter of December 5, 1972, granted permission to use the Towa Employment Security Commission's file.

- 2. Tailors -
  - The sample included the entire population of 82
- 3. Alteration Specialists Alteration specialists were selected by using a stratified random sampling accomplished by randomly selecting one-third of the employers in the men's apparel outlets and women's apparel outlets in each of Iowa's six congressional districts. (See Appendix F

page 105.) A sample size of 202 resulted.

- 4. Dry Cleaners -
  - The dry cleaners were selected by using a stratified random sampling accomplished by randomly selecting one-third of the dry cleaning establishments in each of Iowa's six congressional districts. (See Appendix F page 105.) This sampling included dry cleaning-laundry establishments not selected for the laundry sample. A sample size of 204 resulted.
- 5: Laundries -
  - The population included all commercial laundry establishments found in the Fowa telephone directories. One—third of the dry cleaning—laundry establishments listed was randomly selected to be included in the laundry population. The remaining two-thirds of the dry cleaning—laundry establishments were included in the population for number four, dry cleaners. The resulting sample size for laundries was 78.

#### Development of the Questionnaire

Questionnaires developed for each of the five Clothing Apparel and Textile Service occupations consisted of a list of tasks with a five point frequency rating scale and space for listing additional tasks performed. An information sheet with instructions accompanied each questionnaire.

Each of the five questionnaires was evaluated by qualified personnel who had previously worked in the areas of clothing apparel and textiles. Questionnaires were also submitted to the Men's Retail Association and the International Fabricare Institution for evaluation. Revisions were made to clarify the task checklist. Four Waterloo-Cedar Falls employers for each of the five occupations were then asked to give the questionnaire to an employee to validate the questionnaire and suggest necessary inclusions to make the questionnaire more valid and complete. All questionnaires submitted for validation were returned by the fabric specialists, 75 percent of the questionnaires were returned by the alteration specialists and launderers, and 50 percent of the questionnaires were returned by the tailors and dry cleaners. All 20 employers were contacted by telephone and the questionnaire was discussed with each of them.

After empletion of the validation processes explained above, the original task lists were revised to include changes in tasks, to include additional tasks, and to include changes in phraseology. The questionnaires printed in final form included space for listing additional tasks performed and frequency of performance. (See Appendix B page 51.)

#### Collection of Data

To determine relative frequency of performed tasks identified for each occupation, the questionnaire was mailed to 83 Tailors on March 9, 1973; to 179 Fabric Specialists on March 9, 1973; to 78.

Launderers on March 12, 1973; to 204 Dr. Cleaners on March 14, 1973; and to 202 Alteration Specialists on March 15, 1973.

A follow-up letter was mailed to the non-respondents after three weeks. A second follow-up letter and duplicate questionnaire was mailed to those who had not responded by the end of the fourth week. (See Appendix A , pages 47 - 49 for copies of these letters and Appendix A , page 50 , for percent of respondents on each mailing.)

The number and percentage of questionnaires returned and usable is shown for each occupation in Table I . It should be noted that a large number of the questionnaires returned by the alteration specialists were not usable because many apparel outlets in the survey did not employ alteration specialists.

TABLE I

QUESTIONNAIRES RETURNED AND USABLE

OCCUPATIONS	POPULATION	SAMPLE	· RETURNED		US	ABLE
	and the second of	· .	N	Percent	N	Percent
Fabric Specialist	<sup>§</sup> 179	179	150 <sub>.</sub>	83	122	. 81
Tailor -	, 83	83	54	; 65 <sup>5</sup>	31.	57 .
Alteration Specialist	606	202	142	70	55	39 '
Dry_Cleaner	612	204	149	73	114	- 77
Laundry	78	. 78 .	47	<u>5</u> 8 .	,28	60

#### ANALYSIS OF DATA AND RESULTS

Data was collected to determine relative frequency of performed tasks identified for occupations in Clothing Apparel and Textile Services, and to develop a task matrix to be used by local teachers in curriculum development.

The respondents for each occupation are described in Tables IX, X, and XI in regard to highest grade completed in school, addi-, tional schooling, and on-the-job training. (See Appendix C, pages 67 - 69.)

Indicators of central tendency and variance are given for operational tasks performed by respondents in each of the five Clothing Apparel and Textile Service occupations to provide teachers with a quick reference to tasks necessary for performing various operations or duties within each occupation. (See Tables XII, XIII, XIV, XV, and XVI, pages 70 - 83.)

Tasks performed for a given occupation have been ranked in descending orderaccording to mean frequency. A mean frequency of four indicates that the task was performed daily, three indicates the task was performed once a week, two indicates the task was performed once a month, one indicates the task was done once a year, and zero indicates the task was never performed. (See Tables XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, and XXI, pages 84 - 98 4).

In Tables II , III , IV , V , and VI , the mean frequency scores for each task listed were examined to determine what general kinds of tasks were performed most frequently and those performed

or higher were considered frequently performed and those items with a mean frequency score of 1.0 or less were considered to be performed infrequently. For ease in reading the tables, a mean frequency of 3.00 - 4.00 was designated as an A which meant the task was performed several times a week; a mean frequency of 2.00 - 2.99 was listed as a B which meant the task is performed several times a month; a mean frequency of 1.00 - 1.99 was designated as a C which meant the task was performed several times a year: and a mean frequency of .01 - ..99 was listed as a D which meant the task was performed less than once a year.

The tables on the following pages indicate the frequency of tasks performed by each occupation arranged in descending of within a task cluster. Each table is preceded by a summary paragraph.

Of the ten tasks or 52.6 percent of those most frequently performed by fabric specialists, seven were related to aiding the customer with selection or information about fabrics (Table II, items 2, 1, 35, 4, 34, 33, and 3). Other tasks performed at least once a week were related to store management and maintenance. Five out of seven or 71.4 percent of the most infrequently performed tasks were related to miscellaneous services offered by a fabric outlet.

#### TABLE II

#### TASKS PERFORMED BY FABRIC SPECIALISTS AFRANGED IN CLUSTERS

#### Task Clusters

Performance Rate of Tasks

(arranged in descending order of mean frequency scores)

#### A. Customer Assistance

Select appropriate notions according to fabric content Aid customer in selection of fabric content for end use Give customer information about care procedures for fabrics Aid customer in selection of interfacings for each fabric content Aid customer in selecting a fabric suitable for a particular pattern Aid customer in selecting a pattern appropriate for a particular fabric Aid customer in pattern selection for her figure Lay patterns on fabrics to see if pattern will fit a specified amount of fabric Aid customer in laying pattern pieces , on difficult fabrics Describe construction techniques best for fabric chosen and end use chosen Suggest accessories for farments Can demonstrate various construction techniques to a customer Can demonstrate small hand equipment to a customer Aid customer in altering pattern pieces to fit her figure types

A
A
A
A
B
B
B

An A indicates a task which is performed several times a week; B a task which is performed several times a month; C a task which is performed several times a year; D a task which is performed less than once a year; - and a task which is never done.

r			١,	
	Task	Cli	ister	2

Performance Rate of Tasks

#### B. Sales Personnel's Responsibilities

Stock shelves with notions Prepare remnants Keep pattern drawers intnumerical order according to each individual company. Set up displays for advertising fabrics and patterns Prepare displays of notions Plan window displays for promotion of fabrics • Set up window displays Prepare display for remnant counter Prepare signs for displays of fabric and notions Roll fabric onto tubes from bolts or vice versa 🕜 Construct display garments for fabric Record fabric sales on store record sheets Record fabric sales on ends of bolts Repair snags in knits Meet with sales people to select new ... fabrics Repair pulled threads in woven fabrics -Meet with pattern company representatives

#### C. Customer Services Offered by Retail Outlet

Demonstrate sewing machines that are on display
Do construction for customer, i.e. covered buttons and belts
Teach construction classes for the retail outlet
Sharpen scissors and shears

#### D. Clerical Duties.

Do routine office work: answer telephone; take messages, filing Order patterns
Handle customer complaints
Record incoming shipments of fabric, notions, patterns and other itmes
Price fabrics
Order notions and supplies

,	Task Clusters	Performance	Rate of	Tasks
		1		
	Return discontinued pattern envelopes	4		
	to companies for credit	į	С -	
	Count notions	*	· C	
	Measure trims		C	
	Do inventory of retail outlet		C	
,	Measure yardage on bolts		C	
E.	Housekeeping Duties	**		,
		• }	,	•
	Do housekeeping duties, i.e., dust, swee	, qe	Ą	
	Restock shelves	-	Α .	•
1. 5	Do routine cleaning of tables and shelve	es :	A	

ERIC Provided by ERIC

Many of the tasks five of the 16 or 31.3 percent of those most frequently performed by tailors were related to general shop practices (Table III, items 50, 8, 53, 47, and 51). Eight of the 16 or 50 percent of the tasks related to working with the customer in order to construct a garment according to the desires of the consumer grouped together to rank second in order of performance (items 4, 6, 18, 1, 19, 55, 37, and 2). Various types of construction steps were given an average ranking. The most infrequently performed tasks were those related to the area of developing a garment from designs and not printed patterns.

#### TABLE III

#### PASKS PERFORMED BY TAILORS ARRANGED IN CLUSTERS

#### Task Clusters

Performance Rate of Tasks

(arranged in descending order of mean frequency scores)

A. Development of Garment to Customer's Wishes

Interpret the desires or wishes of customer in relation to fit and construction of garment Take body measurements Make notes regarding body physique and stance of customer Use color, style, and technical skill to camouflage figure problems Check customer measurements with those of pattern and note variations Alter pattern to minimize body physique as round shoulders, high hip, one shoulder or one hip higher Alter pattern layout and make adaptations when advisable to individual customer's Interpret pattern layout and make adaptations when advisable to individual customer's tastes Draft a pattern to carry out design Carry out design using flat pattern method Design (sketch) a garment Drape to carry out design (using dress form)

#### B. Possible Garment Types

Construct a garment with more than one layer
of fabric using lining, underlining, facing
and interfacing
Construct pants, slacks and shorts for customer
B
Construct jackets and coats for customer
B
Construct dresses, skirts, and blouses or tops
for customer
C

An A indicates a task which is performed several times a week; B a task which is performed several times a month; C a task which is performed several times a year; D a task which is performed less than once a year; - and a task which is never done.

## C. Construction of Garment

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Use a power machine	Α
Adjust sewing machine for fabric being	
used and garment being constructed	Α
Press when garment is finished	Α
Put in a zipper by various methods depend-	•
ent on garment lines and fabric selection ·	Α
Determine by experiments best procedure;	
amount of pressure, moisture and correct	
temperature to use when pressing a par-	
ticular fabric	A
Fit garment to customer and make needed	
adjustments	Α
Put in hems by various techniques dependent	-
on garment lines and fabric selection	Α
Press each construction process as completed	A
Use a conventional-type sewing machine	В
	В
Construct and attach facings or bands to	_
	B.
Construct and attach pockets to garment	В
Use hand equipment for pressing during	<b>-</b>
	В
• •	В
Finish seams by various methods dependent on	_
garment lines and fabric selection	В
Make outtonholes by various methods dependent	ם
/ . <b>.</b>	В
Preserve grain of a garment by directional {	·D····
, »	É.
Resta comment proces together	B B²∵
	В
	В
	D
Perform construction techniques in unit	T)
sequence	B B
•	Б
Preserve grain of a garment by directionsless	ъ.
	D.
	В
	В.
Preserve grain of a garment by stay-stitching Use hand equipment for cutting the pattern	В *
from fabric	ъ''
	٠. ط
Mark fabric with various techniques dependent	٠, , ,
on fabric selection	ָס
Preserve grain of a garment by laying out	,
pattern according to grain specifications	В

	and the second s		~	-10 · ·	
. D.	Clerical Duties			<b>⊀</b> ⊋∂	
	Estimate cost and determine pick-up date	-	Α		
	Keep financial records		Ã		
	Schedule appointments for conferences				•
	and fittings	•	В		
	Arrive at work agreement including fabric			•	
	' amounts and notions with customer		В		
,	Purchase sewing and pressing equipment		С		
E.	Miscellaneous . :	•	,		. '
,			A		
	Use accepted shop safety practices		A	,	
٠,	Work with variety of fabrics - understand				
	how to handle them, how they hang, how		٨		
	they drape	,	Α,		
	Arrange efficient work center, placing		`	-	•
T.	equipment within easy reach when sewing,		Δ		
	considering proper height of work surfaces		Ĉ		
	Study fabric market		<u>.</u>		

Eight of the 15 or 53.3 percent of the highest ranking tasks for alteration specialists were those related to fitting and altering ready-to-wear garments for the customer (Table IV, items 2, 48, 18, 3, 20, 42, 10, 19, and 28). However, specific alterations were performed on a monthly basis. The least frequently performed tasks were those related to mending or replacing fasteners.

#### TABLE IV

TASKS PERFORMED BY ALTERATION SPECIALISTS ARRANGED IN COUSTERS

Task Clusters

Performance Rate of Tasksa

(arranged in descending order of mean frequency scores)

Α.	Analyzation of Fitting Problems				
•	Analyze fitting problems of customer		`A		
1	Fit garment on customer, examining:				
•	Location and slope of shoulder line		Α `	•	
	Fit garment on customer, examining:				
•	Location of grain lines	•	В		
	Fit garment on customer, examining:				
•	Design of garments	1.	В	•	
2	Maintain grain line in fitting	•	В		
	Fit garment on customer, examining:	•			
	Position of darts in bodice and at elbow	,	B		•
	Offer suggestions, when requested, for	,			
	desirable alterations	,	В		•
	Fit garment on customer, examining:				
	Position of waistline		В		
•	Fit garment on customer, examining:				
	Length of bodice and sleeve		В		
	Fit garment on customer, examining:		-		
	Ease at bust	•	C	₹	, •
٠	Fit garment on customer, examining:				
	Measurement of waistline	,	C		
•	Mark or pin garment indicating desired.	•			
,	alterations		C		
		•			,
В.	Alterations Offered		•		
			•		
	Alter shoulder length or slope		Α		
	Alter length of coat, skirt, dress, slacks		Α		•
	Alter waist measurement		Α		
	Sew rips and seams		$\mathbf{A}$ .		
	Rip stitching without injuring fabric		Α	•	_
	Alter length of sleeves in coat, suit, dress		Α.		
	Change style of suit		В	. '	
	Performance of various hem types		В		
	Taper shirts	•	В	/.	
	Cuff trousers		В		

An A indicates a task which is performed several times a week; B a task which is performed several times a month; C a task which is performed several times a year; D a task which is performed less than once a year; - and a task which is never done.



Task Clusters	Performance	Rate	of	Та
Change location and langth of dants		. Т. В		
Change location and length of darts	•			
Taper legs of pants and slacks	• 5	В		
Alter waistline of skirts at dart and	side-	_		
seam locations	•	В		
Rip stitches from darts and seams of	section .			
to be sewed	•	В	•	
Alter placement of collars on suits o		В.		
<ul> <li>Correct fitting problems in jackets a</li> </ul>	nd coats	В		
Increase or reduce bust size		В		
Alter pants cuff width.		C	`	
- Adjust crotch of pants		C		
Increase or decrease hip measurement	•	C		
Álter neck line		С		•
Change coat from double breasted to s	ingle			
breasted ;	J	C		
Alter trousers at waistline and hipli	ne ·	D		٠
112002 02000010 00 ,		ą.	•	
C. Repair or Replacement Within Garments			•	
Repair holes, knit and woven fabrics		В		
Turn frayed shirt collar and cuffs	*	В		_
Attach hooks and eyes, snaps, and but	tons	В	•	
Patch garment		В		
Replace dress linings and coat lining	S	В		,
Repair torn pockets	,-	В		
Relocate zipper	•	C		•
Reinforce frayed buttonholes	•	C		
Replace worn pockets		C		
Mend linens for hospitals, nursing ho	mes	J		
hotels, motels	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	C		
	acts -	Ç C		
	ise og	C		
· Replace fasteners			•	ı
Mend lingerie as: mend foundation ga	rments	$\tilde{\mathcal{A}}$	Ì	
Repair belts and belt loops		Ď		
Make zipper replacement		D		
Mend Lingerie as: replace fasteners	•	Ð		
			***	
D. Pressing	,	•	•	•
	. %	_ •		
? Press on wrong side to avoid shine on		В		
Determine by experiments best procedu		*		
amount of pressure, moisture and co	rrect		•	
temperature to use on fabric	•	В		
Press to shape or mold pieces of garm	ents .	, B		•
Press with the warp to avoid stretchi		C		1
	•		•	1

### Task Clusters

Performance Rate of Tasks

### E. Clerical Duties

Prepare a tag indicating alterations and	4	
giving instructions		À
Arrive at work agreement with customer .	•	Α
Estimate cost and determine pick-up date		В
Keep financial records		В
Make claim check		В
Select and purchase sewing equipment and	req.	
tools needed for working efficiently as	٠.	•
alterer; such as sewing machine, irons,	ī	
pressing equipment and small tools		С
Schedule appointments for conferences and		
fittings	,	С
Select and purchase sewing notions; such as		
, zippers, thread, buttons, etc.		С
Do routine office work; (i.e., answer tele-		
phone, take messages, and file)		D

### F. Miscellaneous

Arrange efficient work center, placing
equipment within easy reach when sewing,
considering proper height of work surfaces

Use smaller sewing equipment (ex. seam
ripper, ruler, button holer, etc.)

Use accepted shop safety practices

Keep sewing machine clean and oiled

Use various types of sewing machines

C

Replace or change labels in garments

Six out of ten or 60.0 percent of the tasks most frequently performed by dry cleaners pertained to the handling of customer garments such as pressing and removing spots and stains (Table V, items 3, 6, 11, 4, 5, and 13). The tasks, three out of five or 60.0 percent of those least frequently performed related to changing the color of garments (items 19, 20, and 32).

### TASKS PERFORMED BY DRY CLEANERS ARRANGED IN CLUSTERS

. <b>, ,</b>	Task Clusters	e	Performance	Rate of	Tasks a-
	(arranged in descending order of mean frequency scores)		, , , ,	19.	<b>4</b> 0
Α.	Spotting Operations		* * *		
2	Separate garments with spots an Spray steam, water, or air over	d stains	, , ,	Α	
	to flush out chemicals and dr Apply reagents to spots, and sta	y garmen	ts re	Α	
	garments are cleaned - Sprinkle chemical solvents over	stains		A	
	and pat area with brush or sp stain is removed	• •	•	Α	
	Apply chemicals to neutralize e	trect or		В	<b>j</b> a
В.	Cleaning and Drying Operations	1		•	
	Place clothes into a tumbler or cabinet for drying Separate clothes into baskets for			, A .	
•	according to fabric type Select time cycle for each bash	ket of cl	othes.	A· K	•
*,	Select solvent for each basket Transfer clothes to extractor t solvent	of cloth	e ,	В	
	Place clothes into a cold air of drying	cabinet j	for .	С	~ •
c.	Pressing Operations .	,		•	<b>\</b>
	Hang garments or fold Steam press garment after drying Assemble bundles of customers'	ng garment:		A A . B	
	Shape garments according to studies show plates on irons to el	yle line: iminate :	š '	B.	•
	or prevent scorching on fabr Use pant shapers to form legs	of pants	-	D, '	• *

An A indicates a task which is performed several times a week; B a task which is performed several times a month; C a task which is performed several times a year; D a task which is performed less than once a year; - and a task which is never done.



	Task Clusters • Per	formance	Rate	of	Tasks
D.	Repair and Miscellaneou Operations				
	Separate garments that need repair		Α .		-
,	Repair small tears or holes in garment	•. •	C		
	Remove color from garments		Ď		. `
	Reweave holes in garments	2	D		
'	Redye garment	•	D		• •
	Select dyes for various fiber contents		Đ.		
E. '	Clerical Duties .	•			
	Compare customer's garments with original				
	invoice	•	В.		
	Prepare customer's claim ticket	•	В		•
	Do routine office work	,	В -		
,	Handle customer complaints	_	В		
	Order new supplies such as solvents, chemic	al	_ `		•
•	reagents, and dyes from suppliers		В	•	~
	Order new equipment from suppliers		C ,	-	
· F.	Equipment Maintenance and Housekeeping Duti	• es	_		· .
•				•	
	Do routing housekeeping tasks	,	В.	•	
	Do routine maintenance work on equipment		В		2,07
	Clean tubs after dryoleaning solvent	•	С		

The four or 100 percent of the highest ranking tasks performed by launderers were related to handling customer garments before the washing process (Table VI , items 1, 2, 3, and 5).

Three of the six or 50 percent of the tasks infrequently performed were related to various ironing methods.

### TABLE VI

### TASKS PERFORMED BY LAUNDERERS ARRANGED IN CLUSTERS

	Task Clusters . Pe	rformance	Rate
-	, (arranged in descending order of mean frequency scores)	1	· 5.
Ά.	Laundry Preparation Operations		
л.	baundry freparacion operations	•	_
•	Separate clothes by color Separate clothes by fiber content Separate clothes with stains and spots	,	A A. • A
•	Identify spots and stains		A 7
	Remove spots before laundering		В
В.	Washing and Drying Operations	,	
	Dry clothes for time needed	• (	В
	Select temperative of drying cycle for each load of the hes	`	В ,
•	Select water temperature for each basket of clothes	.4	,; В ,
	Select type of wash cycle needed for each load of clothes		В
	Select type of soap or detergent to be	3	
	used with each load of clothes ° Determine amount of softener needed for	•	· B , - ^
	each load of clothes, if used		B,
	Determine amount of starch needed for each load of clothes, if used		В
c.	Ironing and Pressing Operations	~ }	, ``\ ^\ *\
ر س <sub>ب</sub> ک	Assemble bundles of garments for customer Hang garments	maste god	. В .Э :.В
	Rold garments	1 + F1.	B.
	Separate garments that need repair	*	C
`k :.	Sewect ironing temperature for each load of clothes	The same of	C
	Select ironing temperature according to		•
13	type of fabric for clothes	and the state of the same	· C
1 /3	Iron linens with crisp folds Repair small tears or burn spots	Contract of the second	Č
dit.	Vise Thisher on shirts	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	√C

Who A indicates a task which is performed several times a week; B a task which is performed several times a month; C a task which is performed less than once a year; D a task which is performed less than once a year; and a task which is never done.

	Task Clusters	Performance .	Rate	of	Tasks
	Use a pad for ironing of garments		D		
•	Shape collars and cuffs	•	D		
	Send garments for repair to seamstress		D		
	Non on wrong side of garment		D		1
,	Use a covering cloth when pressing to prevent scorching or to avoid sheen				•
	on fabrics		D		
	Iron garments with warp to avoid stretch	ning	D		
		J	ŧ		
D.	Clerical Duties				
	Prepare customer's claim ticket	•	С	•	•
•	Do routine office work: answer telephor	ne,	1	,	
	take orders, take messages, filing	•	C		
	Handle customer complaints	• •	C		
	Order*new supplies such as detergent, so	oap,			
	starch, softener, from supplier	-	C		
	Order new equipment from supplier	<b>''</b>	D .		
E.	Equipment Maintenance and Housekeeping I	Duties			
	Clean laundry tubs after washing clothes	5	В		
	Do routine maintenance work on laundry equipment		Ċ		

The mean frequency for similar tasks which were stated on the five questionnaires is reported on a two way matrix table as shown on page 36. Mean frequencies were calculated for each task and arranged in descending order according to the number of occupations performing a similar task. For ease in reading Table VII, letters A, B, C, or D were used. Also a dot (.) was used in this table to indicate a task not asked of respondents representing a particular occupation.

The task indicated by all five of the Clothing Apparel and Textile Services used most frequently was related to knowledge and handling of fabrics and fibers, a basic unit of any apparel or textile piece. Varying kinds of clerical work (Tasks 2, 3, and 4) was ranked as being done several times a month by all five occupations. The task done least by employees in the five occupations was ordering and stocking supplies.

Some tasks were performed by related occupations, i.e., dry cleaners and launderers, or tailors, alteration specialists and fabric specialists, or by occupations that have daily contact with the customer. It is assumed that safety practices, Task 11, was being observed by all occupations but this task was not asked of all five occupations.

TABLE VII

TASKS PERFORMED IN CLOTHING APPAREL AND TEXTILE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS.

		Pe	rforma	nce :	Rate o	f Tasks	<b>a</b> .
	;·/·	7	o <sub>C</sub>	CUPA!	TIONS.	187	<b>\delta</b>
TASKS  Mean frequency  Arranged in descending order  of occupations performing task	;	(Phase)	Fabric Spečialist	Tailòr	Alteration Special Fat	Dry	Launderer
Information and knowledge of fabri and fiber types Routine office work Keep financial records Ordering and stocking supplies	cs	,	A A C B	A B A C	B C B C	A B B	A C C
Equipment maintenance Knowledge and use of construction techniques Give advice to customer Do housekeeping duties Use hand equipment Handle customer complaints Observe standard safety practices		, ,	A B A B	A A B B B	B	B	C B · C ·

An A indicates a task which is performed several times a week; B a task which is performed several times a month; C a task which is performed several times a year; D a task which is performed less than once a year; and . indicates a task not asked this occupation.

### SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Because there has been a growth in job opportunities in the area of Clothing Apparel and Textile Service occupations, there is a need to train persons for these job offerings at the secondary and postsecondary levels. This study surveyed employees of five Clothing Apparel and Textile Service occupations to identify the tasks performed and frequency of task performance.

A summary of the most frequently performed tasks for each occupation follows:

- 1. Fabric Specialists most frequently aided the customer with selection or information about fabrics. Other tasks frequently performed were related to store management and maintenance.
- 2. General shop practice tasks were most frequently performed by Tailors. Tasks ranking second in performance were those related to working with the customer in order to construct a garment.
- 3. Alteration Specialists performed tasks of fitting and altering ready-to-wear garments most frequently.
- 4. The handling of customer garments by various tasks were the ones most frequently performed by the Dry Cleaners:
- , 5. Launderers also most frequently performed tasks that related to handling customer garments.



The two way matrix table presents at a glance tasks common to the five occupations. The table was arranged in descending order with tasks common to all five occupations listed first. The task common to all five occupations and with the highest mean frequency is, "Information and knowledge of fabrics and fiber types," which is basic to any Clothing Apparel or Textile Service occupation.

The findings of this study may be used by vocational home economics teachers in planning and developing curricula for Clothing Apparel and Textile Service occupational training. It is suggested that vocational teachers and administrators work with an advisory council to determine how this study can best be put to use.

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APPENDIX



### UNIVERSITY OF NORTHERN IOWA · Cedar Falls, Iowa 50613

Department of Home Economics
Area 319 273-2814

I need your help in doing research for the State Department of Public Instruction. This research will result in a task/job matrix which will be used in planning school courses.

A questionnaire has been developed to find out what tasks are performed by \_\_\_\_\_\_. We are interested in tasks performed by an experienced worker.

Will you please help me by reviewing the enclosed Questionnaire and suggest changes on the Guide Sheet. Please return, in the enclosed stamped, self-addressed envelope, both the Questionnaire and the Guide Sheet by February 5, 1973.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Dorothy L. Clausen Research Assistant

DLC:sw Enc.

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### GUIDE SHEET FOR QUESTIONNAIRE

•	ýes		no		,			•
3.	Please list the tasks	we have forg	otten.					
			. 1 6	` '			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>
					•	o		
,		3				• ,	-	
•	If any of the tasks hanumber and your commen		stated o	clearly,	please	list	the	task
	TASK NUMBER	<b>★</b>		COMME	NTS	•		•
0	•	-	<del>•</del>	, s				
0		*		,				
o		•					• .	ye pade from the
•			-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	`		•.	
·	Any additional commen	ts or sugges	ted chan	ges:			• .	ye con France is a waller his boy bigglish a training
•	Any additional commen	ts or sugges	ted chan	ges:			•.	va noe suns si judigitaline judigitati, na in no traditation plante.
· ¬	Any additional commen	ts or sugges	ted chan	ges:			•.	

UM

### UNIVERSITY OF NORTHERN YOWA : Cedar Falls, Iowa 50613

Department of Home Economics Area 319 273-2814

The Home Economics Department at University of Northern Iowa in cooperation with the Iowa Department of Public Instruction is conducting a state-wide study to determine the tasks performed by workers in various Clothing Apparel and Textiles related occupations.

In the last few years there has been an increased interest through—out the state in vocational education at the high school and post—secondary levels and for this reason the study has been undertaken. The information will be most helpful for educators who teach persons interested in employment in these occupations. Your cooperation in this study would be appreciated and we hope that you will take a little of your time to help us get the needed information.

We are enclosing a questionnaire and would like you to give it to the person(s) who work(s) as in your firm. We are looking for people in this job who do not have a college degree. After the questionnaire is completed, please return it in the enclosed stamped, self-addressed envelope.

If you do not have anyone in this job position, please return the questionnaire with a note as soon as possible. If you have any questions, please call collect 319-273-6339 on Tuesday or Wednesday between 10:00-12:00 A.M.

Only with your kind cooperation can we complete the study, and it will take less than thirty minutes for the employee to complete the questionnaire.

If you would be interested in receiving a summary of the results of the study, please let us know this also. It will be available in July.

Sincerely

Dorothy Lee Clausen Research Assistant?

Billie Lou Sands Head

Billie Lou Sands, Head Department of Home Economics

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/sw Enc.

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### UNIVERSITY OF NORTHERN IOWA Cedar Falls/Iowa 50613

Department of Home Economics Area.319 273\*2814

Three weeks ago you received a questionnaire asking you to identify tasks performed in your occupation. As of yet we have not received your response.

We know how easy it is to overlook something with today's busy schedules. Would you please take a few minutes during the next two for three days to respond to the questionnaire and return it to me. Your response will be most appreciated.

If by chance, you no longer have the questionnaire, please drop a card to us and we will be happy to send you one.

Sincerely,

Dorothy Lee Clausen Research Assistant

Billie Lou Sands, Head Department of Home Economics

/sw

### UNIVERSITY OF NORTHERN JOWA · Cedar Falls, Iowa 50613.

Department of Home Economics Area 319 273-2814

Dear Survey Respondent:

I am enclosing a duplicate of the questionnaire which was sent to you a few weeks ago. Without your assistance in having the enclosed questionnaire completed by one of your employees, our study will be of little value to the occupational training of future personnel.

The purpose of this study is to find out what tasks you need to perform and how often. This information will then be made available to persons who do training for the various jobs. Your answers will not be evaluated or reported in anyway. The responses will be tabulated as a group and in no way will names be associated with answers.

Your cooperation in filling out the questionnaire will be greatly appreciated. Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

Dorothy Le Clauser

Dorothy Lee Clausen Research Assistant

Billie Lou Sands, Head

Department of Home Economics

/sw Enc.



### TABLE VIII

### PERCENT RESPONDENTS

OCCUPATION.	lst Mailing	2nd Mailing	3rd Mailing
Fabric Specialist	40.8%	52.5%	83.2%
Tailor	30.5%	37.8%	65.1%
Alteration Specialist	40.6%	44.6%	69.9%
Dry Cleaner	31.9%	44.1%	. 73 <b>.</b> 0% •
Launderer	25.6%	35.9%	57.7%



APPENDIX B

The Home Economics Department at University of Northern Iowa in cooperation with the Iowa Department of We have identified many tasks in this area but need Ablic Instruction is conducting a state-wide study to determine the tasks performed by employees in your help in clarifying the tasks performed in your particular occupation. Clothing Apparel and Textiles related occupations.

All information will remain (1) Part one asks You questions about you and your job so you can help us find information about people involved in an occupation similar to fours. Please fill in the blanks completely. It is very important that blanks not be left empty. The questionnaire consists of two parts: confidential (2) Part two of this questionnaire is in the form of a check list. This list includes many tasks which The list also includes tasks which you may never do. might be part of your job. If you have any questions, please call collect 319-273-6339 on Tuesday or Wednesday between 10:00-12:00 a.m.

Thank you for your time -- your cooperation is Without your help, this study will not be successful. appreciated.

## PART ONE INFORMATION SHEET

your knowledge. If	urn this sheet with	<b>V</b> -
RECTIONS; Please answer the following informative questions to the best of your knowledge. If	answers are not available to you, please ask your employer. Return this sheet with	the completed questionnaire.
RECT		

- 1. Your Job Title

  2. Total number of employees in the entire business
- 3. Number of employees doing a job similar to yours
  4. Total length of time employed in this job
- 5. Highest grade completed in school (please circle)
  under 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
- Schooling or Training in addition to that circled in #5 (not on the job training) (please check)

  none
  trade school or apprenticeship program area school
  adult education classes
  other (list)
- tracelly the dob Training (those which are closest to your tracelly) (more than one can be checked)

  none short course provided by business observation of another employee in the same occupation instruction in tasks and duties by manager or personnel manager
- 8. Length of training received in #7 above:

### PART TWO.

# \*CHECK SHEET FOR FABRIC SPECIALIST

DIRECTIONS: 'Please read each item in the following check sheet before marking the appropriate column. Mark each item with one of the following possibilities:

- 5 if the task is one which you would do every day in your Job. check column
- if the task is one which ypu would do at least once a month in your job if the task is one which you would do at least once a week in your job check column column check
  - 2 if the task is one which you might do at least once a year in your job. 1 if the task is one which you would never do in your job. column check
    - column check

that each person identity the tasks he performs that have been omitted. At the end of the It is important that you check every item on the list. It is very important to this study checklist, space is provided in which you may list tasks that are a part of your job which we may have omitted in our list. Please mark each item that you list.

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	Daily	Week	Month	Year	Never	
TASKS	5	77	ო	ζ,	T	
Aid customer in selection of fabric content						_
for end use	,					
Select appropriate notions according to						<u> </u>
fabric content						
Aid customer in pattern selection for her	,					1
figure						
. Aid customer in selection of interfacings for						_
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Repair snags in knits						. –
Repair pulled threads in woven fabrics					:	_
Aid customer in laying pattern pieces on						<u>,                                     </u>
difficult fabrics						
Aid customer in altering pattern pieces	,				.,	_
				-	_	
Suggest accessories for garments						
Price fabrics			:		•	_
Stock shelves with notions						
Keep pattern drawers in numerical order			, - \			
according to each individual company			, se			
Teach construction classes for the .						
retail outlet	,	`			•	
Prepare display for remnant counter	-	_	`			
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		Daily	Week	Month	Year	Never	
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,15.	Prepare remnant					٠.,	
16.	Prepare displays of notions?						
17.							
	fabric chosen and end use chosen						_
-18.	Can demonstrate various construction			è		7	
	techniques to a customer	,					
19.	ທ						
20.	Plan window displays for promotion of fabrics					,	
21.	Set up window displays						
3							
3 2	Order notions and supplies						
	tales neonle +			'			
• •	3		-	-			
25.	Meet with pattern company Febresentatives				-	۲	
56.	# Handle customer complaints						54
27.	Do routine office work: answer telephone.					***	
	es, filing						
28.	Do construction for customer, i.e., covered						
•	,			3		•	
89.	Record fabric sales on ends of bolts	9			-		
30.	Record Tabric sales on						
31.	Do routine cleaning of tables and shelves				•		
32.	Restock shelves		1				1
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. \ ?	becified amount of fabric			.	-		•
37.	Return discontinued pattern envelopes to					<u>,                                     </u>	
(		\ \	,		<b> </b>		
38.	Demonstrate sewing machines that are on		,	<del>,</del>	· 		
•	display .	+			-		_
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ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

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Never a Year 2 Once Aonth Once a Week 4 Once Daily Can demonstrate small hand equipment to a customer. 4 4 Prepare signs for displays of fabric and notions Roll fabric onto tubes from bolts or vice versa Record incoming shipments of fabric, notions, Construct display garments for fabric store Do housekeeping duties, i.e., dust, sweep TASKS Do inventory of retail outlet measure yardage on bolts Sharpen scissors and shears patterns and other items count notions Measure trims 45.

I DO THIS TASK

Please list any other tasks you do:

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### CHECK SHFET FOR PART TWO

TAILOR CLOTHING SPECIALIST - Please read each item in the following check sheet before marking the appropriate column. Mark each item with one of the following possibilities: DIRECTIONS:

check column 5 if the task is one which you would do every day in your job.

once a month in your job. task is one which you would do at least once a week in your job. if the task is one which you would do at least check

once a year in your job. column. 3 if the task is one which you might do at least once a yest column 1 if the task is one which you would never do in your job. check

check

At the end of the that each person identify the tasks he performs that have been omitted. At the end of the checklist, space is provided in which you may list tasks that are a part of your job which It is important that you check every item on the list. It is very important to this study Please mark each item that you list. we may have omitted in our list.

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		•	SASVIL	Interpret the desires or wishes of customer in	relation to fit and construction of garment	Use color, style, and technical skill to	camouflage figure problems	Make notes regarding body physique and stance of	customer	Check customer measurements with those of pattern and	note variations	Arrive at work agreement including fabric amounts and	notions with customer .	Work with variety of fabrics - understand how to handle	them, how they hang, how they drape	Use a conventional-type sewing machine		Design (sketch) a garment	This ft a natitern to came out design	Drane to carry out design (using dress form)	Carmy out design using flat pattern method	Alter mattern so that the garment will fit customer	Interpret pattern layout and make adaptations when	advisable to individual customer's tastes	Assemble cut pieces for construction

SIDE PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS ON REVERSE

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TASKS	<ul> <li>Perform construct</li> <li>Baste garment pie</li> <li>Fit garment to cu</li> <li>Take body measure</li> </ul>	` • • •	selection selection skirts, and b	Preserve grain of a garment by la according to grain of a garment by la according to grain of a garment by st. Preserve grain of a garment by di. Preserve grain of a garment by di. The hand equipment for pressing d. Construct a garment with more that using liming, underliming, facing.	lines and fahric selection	38. Purchase sewing and preseing equipment. 39. Press each construction process as completed 40. Alter pattern to minimize body physique as round shoulders, high hip, one shoulder or one hip higher, 41 Add decorative trim to a garment	42. Construct and attach sollars to garment 43. Construct and attach bockets to garment 44. Construct and attach pockets to garment

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	SHEAT	Construct and attach facing	46. Press when garment is finished Adjust seving machine for fabric being used and garment	being constructed	49. Study fabric market	50. Use accepted shop safety practines	51. Arrange efficient work center, placing equipment within	easy reach when sewing, considering proper heighly of work surfaces	ents best p	pressure, moisture and correct temperature to use when	pressing a particular fraction of St. Estimate cost and determine pick-up date	54 Keen fihancial records	55 Schedule annointments for conferences and fittings s	

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\* CHECK SHEET FOR

CLOTHING SPECIALIST - ALTERATIONS

· Please read each item in the following check sheet before marking the appropriate column. Mark each item with one of the following possibilities: DIRECTIONS

yeu would do at least once a week in your job. 5, if the task is one which you would do every day in your job. task is one which if the check column check column

you would do at least once a month in your job s one which you might do at least once a year in your job s one which if the if the column column check check

s one which you would never do in your job. column check

checklist, space is provided in which you may list tasks that are a part of your job which " that each person identify the tasks he performs that have been omitted. At the end of the It is important that you check every item on the list. It is very important to this study Please mark each item that you list.

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TASKS	· Daily 5	week	Month.	Year	Never	
er suggestions, when requested; for desirable		•		-		<u>`</u>
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emis or customer.						
Formers on cus comer, examiniting.  Location and slope of shoulder line	, e	•	·	•	•	
Postion of Waistline	, , , , ,	4	,	ŀ		-
Location of grain lines	,					
Length of bodice and sleeve	, ,	,			,	-
Position of darts in bodice and at elbow				<u></u>		
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Measurement of waistline	7		٠	` '	<u> </u>	_
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Design of garments ,				ļ.	;	-
k or pin garment indicating desired alterations						·
pare a tag indicating alterations and giving	,	,	,,,	<u>.</u>		_
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imate cost and determine pick-up date.	e	1.				_
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LEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS ON REVERSE ST

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	Daily	Week	Month	Year	Never	
TASKS	5	4	3	EV	1	
Alter length of coat, skirt, dress, slacks						
Alter length of sleeves in coat, suit, dress		٠			,	
Alter waist measurement	•			•		
Sew rips and seams						
Arrive at work agreement with customer .		•	•		•	
Maintain grain line in fitting						
Keep sewing machine clean and oiled	3.					
Rip stitches from darts and seams of section to be sewed					•	
Taper shirts						
Alter pants cuff width					·	
Change style of suit				ž	i	
Change coat from double breasted to single breasted			•		,	
				•	,	
Attach hooks and eyes, snaps, and buttons		•	. 1	•	-	
Turm frayed shirt collar and cuffs					•	
Press with the warp to awoid stretching .		Que.				
Press on wrong side to avoid shine on fabrics		١.		מ	-	
Correctiviting problems in jackets and coats					•	<u></u>
Performance of various hem types					,	
Alter waistline of skirts at dart and side-seam locations						`.
	,		J		•	
Replace dress linings and coat linings						. <i>,</i>
Alter trousers at waistline and hipline						
Cuff trousers	-					
Repair holes, knit and woven fabrics			f.	F.,	-	
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Select and purchase sewing notions; such as zippers,		•	÷.			
thread, buttons, etc.	a					_
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easy reach when sewing, considering proper height of		•		•	,	
work surfaces	2.45.3	447	and the second second and the second	موريدة وزائدته مسه معدد	e solve energian	
Rip stitching without injuring fabric			Last			_
Alter shoulder length or slope.						
Increase or reduce bust size		5	,			
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Daily 5		-		a.		7.1	
-3-	50. Increase or decrease hip measurement 51. Change location and length of darts 52. Alter neck line	53. Relocate zipper 4 54. Adjust crotch of pants 55. Taper legs of pants and slacks	56. Alter placement of collars on suits or coats 57. Patch garment 58. Press to shape or mold pieces of garments	Devermine by experiments best pro pressure, moisture and correct te on fabric		64. Replace worn pockets  Mend lingerie as:  65. Replace elastic insets  66. Replace fasteners	ts and belt loops  Its and belt loops  Its for hospitals; nursing homes, hotels, mot change labels in garments  Office work; (i.e., answer telephone, take and file)

Please list other tasks you do:

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I DO THIS TASK

# PART TWO

ing check sheet before marking the appropriate column Mark each item with one of the following possibilities: Please read each item in the T DIRECTIONS:

is one which you would do every day in your job. check column check

a month in your the task is one which you would do at least column check

c is one. which you would never do in your job. which you might do at least s.one check column check column

At the end of the checklist, space is provided in which you may list tasks that are a part of your job which It is important that you check every item on the list. It is very important to this study that each person identify the tasks he performs that have been omitted. Please mark each item that you list

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			TASKS	Prepare customer's claim ticket	Separate clothes into baskets for cleaning	according to fabric type	Separate garments with spots and stains	Apply reagents to spots and stains before	garments are cleaned.	Sprinkle chemical solvents over stains and pat area	with brush or sponge until stain is removed	Spray steam, water, for air over spot to flush out	chemicals and dry garments	Annly chemicals to neutralize effect of solvents	Select solvent for each basket of clothes	~	Transfer clothes to extractor to remove solvent	Place clothes into a tumbler or hot air cabinet	for drying.	Place clothes into a cold air cabinet for drying	Steam press garment after drying	Use shoe plates on irons to eliminate sheen or	prevent scorching on fabric

Separate   Park   Par	•
Daily Week Month Year  5	
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oice ***	at need/repai
Oice & Section 1	Repair small tears or holes in garment
Oice ###	Reweave holes in garments
Oice State of the state of the	Shape garments according to style lines
oice	Remove color Erom garments
oice ***	
oice	Clegar tubs after using drycleaning solvent
Oice **	Hang garments or fold
oice	Assemble bundles of customers' gar
oice	Fig. Use pant shapers to form legs of pa
	arments with o
	26 J. Dorroutine office work
	First Order new supplies such as solvents, chemical
	reagents, and dyes from suppliers
ipment	Order new equipment from suppliers
ipment ents	Handle customer complaints
ents	Do routine maintenance work on equipment
tents	31 Do routine housekeeping tasks
	Select dyes for various fiber con

Please list any other tasks you do:

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		· · · ;	ţ			
			,	-		
		,	1 .			0 4
The second second second					٥	,
				-		,
	,		,	,	5	*
	,					
		•			•	
		,		4		
			•	-	\$ <b>1</b>	•
	. 'x		•		-	
			*ege		- 1	

## PART TWO

CHECK SHEET FOR SLOWHING MAINTENANCE -- LAUNDRY

Please read each item in the following check sheet before marking the appropriate column. Mark each item with one of the following possibilities; DIRECTIONS

the task is one which you would do every day in your job check column'5 if

lo at least once a week in your job. the task is one which you'r check column

once a month in your job once, a year in your job task is one which you might do at least do at least ould the task is one which you w the column check column check

if the task is one which you would never do in your job. check column

that each person identify the tasks he performs that have been omitted. At the end of the It is important that you check every item on the list. It is very important to this study checklist, space is provided in which you may list tasks that are a part of your job which Please mark, each item that you list. we may have omitted in 'our list.

S	Once
ASKS  spots  basket of clothes,  to be used with  for each load of clothes  clothes  ch load of clothes  ing to type of  for each load of	c
ASKS  spots  basket of clothes,  to be used with  for each load of clothes  e for each load of clothes  ch load of clothes  ing to type of  for each load of	đ
	Year , Never
	2
fg   lightil   fg   lightil   fg	
ore laundering  od stains  cerature for each basket of clothes.  cap or detergent to be used with  thes  ash cycle needed for each load of clothes  re of drying cycle for each load of clothes  time needed  os after washing clothes  emperature for each load of clothes  emperature according to type of  ss  of starch needed for each load of	•
nd stains perature for each basket of clothes, sap or detergent to be used with thes sas cycle needed for each load of clothes re of drying cycle for each load of clothes time needed safter washing clothes emperature for each load of clothes emperature according to type of ss of starch needed for each load of	· ·
perature for each basket of clothes.  Lap or detergent to be used with thes  thes  Lines  Line needed for each load of clothes  Lime needed  Lime needed  Lines after washing clothes  Emperature for each load of clothes  Emperature for each load of clothes  Emperature according to type of the search load of clothes  Lines according to type of the search load of the search	
thes  ash cycle needed for each load of clothes  re of drying cycle for each load of clothes  time needed  bs after washing clothes  emperature for each load of clothes  emperature according to type of  es  of starch needed for each load of	
thes  re of drying cycle for each load of clothes  time needed  bs after washing clothes emperature for each load of clothes emperature according to type of es  of starch needed for each load of	
ash cycle needed for each load of clothes  re of drying cycle for each load of clothes  time needed  os after washing clothes  emperature for each load of clothes  emperature according to type of  ess  of starch needed for each load of	
time needed  s after washing clothes  smperature for each load of clothes  emperature according to type of  ss  of starch needed for each load of	
e e e	
sages og co	
e e	
0 6	
eg	
eg	
etermine amount of softener needed for each load of	
lothes, if used	
ron on wrong side of garment	
uning of garments	

I DO THIS TASK

Once

Once

, .	0
EE	
	UC

•		Daily	Daily Week.	Month	Year	Never	
	TASKS	١٨	<b>.</b> #	m	ય	П	
18.	Iron linens with crisp folds						
19.	AShape collars and cuffs			_			
20.	Use finisher on shirts						
21.	Iron garments with warp to avoid stretching						
22.							
23.	Hang garments ',						
24.	Assemble bundles of garments for customer						
25.	Separate garments that need repair						
26.	Send garments for repair to seamstress		-	•	,		•
27.	Repair small tears or burn spots	-		27			
, 28	Abo routine maintenance work on laundry equipment	4	,		•		
ġ.	Orden new supplies such as detergent, soap, starch,			_			
	softener, from Supplier.					ø	
30.	Order new equipment from supplier					,	
: 31°	3kc. Handle customer complaints			\		•	
33	Do routine office work: answer telephone, take orders,		12/2			•	۰
3,	take messages filing						
33.	33. Use a covering cloth when pressing to prevent scorching				•		

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かんして かって

Please list any other tasks you do:

Prepare customer's claim ticket

or to avoid sheen on fabrics

APPENDIX C



TABLE IX

# HIGHEST GRADE COMPLÊTED IN SCHOOL

										,
HIGHEST GRADE	A S S	FABRIC SPECIALIST	CLO SPE TAI	CLOTHING - SPECIALIST- TAILOR	CLO SPE	CLOTHING SPECIALIST- ALTERATIONS	CL( MA- DR	CLOTHING MAINTENANCE- · DRYCLEANING	CL(	CLOTHING MAINTENANCE- LAUNDRY
		Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent	Z.	Percent	N	Percent
0 - 6th	<b>*</b> 0	00.0	П	3.20	H,	1,80		60.		3.60
6th	0	. 00.00	0	00,00	0	00.0	0	00.00	0	0.00
7th .	0	00.0	Н-,	3.20	0	0.00	. ∨ı	1.80	•	00.0
8th	m	2.50	. H	3.20	য়	7.30	9	5.30	, ,	10.70
9th	m —	3. 2.50	Ċ	6.50	N	3.60	CA	. 1.80	, H	3.60
loth	77	, ⊙[•†	77	12.90		1.80	##	3.50	-	3.60
ilth	ι. ·	. 01.4	N	6.50	Ø	3.60	-9	5.30	m	10.70
12th	104	85.20	19	61.30	44	80.00	06	78.90	18	64.30
No Answer	0	1.60	Ή,	3:20	۲,	1.80	m	. 2.60	1	3.60
		*								

TABLE X

# ADDITIONAL SCHOOLING

` ,	]				<del>/ ·</del>				
CLOTHING MAINTENANCE- LAUNDRY	Percent.	3.60		00.0	3.60	14.30	00.00	3.60	75.00
CLO MAI LAU	N	н		, 6 /	Н	77	0,	ਜ ,	21
CLOTHING MAINTENANCE- DRYCLEANING	Percent	49.10	. /	12.30	, 5.60	04.4	22,80	1.80	7.00
CLC MAJ DRY	Z	95.	1	17	m	· . , ' K^	56	<∪	ω ΄
CLOTHING SPECIALIST ALTERATIONS	Percent	49.10	<i>,</i>	. 7.30	1.80	5.50	04:36	00.00	. 00.0
CLO SPE ALT	Z	22		<b>4</b>	<del>-</del>	<b>M</b>	28	Ö	0
CLOTHING SPECIALISTTAILOR	Percent	.48.40	`.   	16.10	. 3.20	6:45	19.40	00.0	6.45
CLC SPE TAI	2	15	.i.	2	H	CV	9	0	CI.
FABRIC SPECIALIST	Percent	37.70		2.50	, 01.4	8.20	35.20	00.6	00.00
FAB	N	94		ω.	5	10	43	11	, 0
SCHOOL OR TRAINING		None	Trade School or	Program	Area School	Adult Education Classes	Other	(More than 1 marked)	No Answer

68

TABLE XI

# ON THE JOB TRAINING

FAB	· മല . :	FABRIC SPECIALIST	CLC SPE TAI	CLOTHING & SPECIALIST- TAILOR	CLO SPE ALT	CLOTHING SPECIALIST- ALTERATIONS	CLO MAI DRY	CLOTHING MAINTENANCE- DRYCLEANING	CEC MAJ	CLOTHING MAINTENANCE- LAUNDRY
N	1	Percent	Z	Percent	N	Percent	Z	Percent	Z	Percent
15		12.30	9	19.40	21 .	21.80	13	04.11	7	3,60
N .		1.60	<u>,</u> ,	3.20	, ·	1.80	<b>₹</b>	3.50	<b>ω</b>	10.70
		• ,	•	,		•				
. ω		09.9	7.	01.91	'0'	16,40	7,7	12.30	<u>ო</u>	10.70
* · ·		•				· e	,		J	·
38	(,,	31.10	7	12.90	7	12.70	25	21.90		. 3.60
9		4.90	· · ·	9.70	m ,	5.50	i.	04.4	12	42.90
84.		39.30	12	-38.70	19	34.50	: 143	37.70	0	00.00
<u>ι</u> ν .		4.10	0	00.00	. <del>7</del>	7.30	10	8.80	ω	28.60
	П									

TABLE XII

#### FABRIC SPECIALIST

`						
CLUSTER TITLE	· TTEM	RANK	MEAN .	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
Customer Assistance	à .			-		
· •	1,	, 2 ١	, 3.93	. 4.00	40	.16
	. 2	1	3.94,	4.00	.39	.15
•	3	. 8	3.49	4.00	.98	•95
• ••	14	14	* 3.87	4.00	.48	.23
	7	. 16	3.12	4.00	1.01	1.03.
	8	32 ·	1.69	4.00	1.64	2.67
1	9	20	· 2.97	4.00	1.27	1.62
	17 .	18	3.03	4.00	1.34	1.80
,	18	, 21	2.92	4.00	1.33	. 1.78
	33	6,	3.64	4.00	.86	.73
	3 <sup>1</sup> 4	5	3.74	4.00.	.71	~·51
·.	<u></u> ~35	, 3	3.89	2.00	.36°	.13
	36	12	3.36	. 4.00	.,.98	•97 <sup>'</sup>
	46	24	2.64	4.00 ,	1.45	2.11
Sales Personnel' Responsibilities	s ·					e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
. *	5	42	1.05	4.00	1.35	4.00
<b>*</b>	6	45	.85	4.00	1.26	÷ 1.59
* .	11.	3.4	3.31	4.00	. •97.	
	, j2	19	3.02	4.00	1.27	1.60
		. '		-	,	•

-1						
·\ CLUSTER TITLE	I <b>T</b> EM	RANK	MEAN	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
	14''	30	# 1.99 ^°	4.00	1.46	2.14
•	15	17	3.10	4.00	1.02	1.05
	16	• 26	2.39	4.00	1.23	1.52
4 \$	•19 · ·	25	2.46	4:00	í.78	1.38
•	20 .	.28.	2.06	4.00	1.23	1.52 . '
		59	2.03	4.00	1.31	1.72
•	24	43	•97	° 4.00	, 1.19	1.42
,	. 25 °·	<b>~</b> 48	. 39	4.00	<b>, 7</b> 8	: 60
•	29	41	1.06	4,00	1.71	2.92
,	30	į 40 °	1.10	4.00	1.66	2.76
•	40	. 31	1.98	4.00	1.33	1.76
	45	33	1,65	4.00	1.24	1.55
	48	34.	1.60	. 4.00	1.32	1.74
Customer Services Offered by Retail Outlet	<b>€</b> ⊶	,			>	· "
	13	. 47	.50	4.00	1.14	1.30
	28	<b>,</b> 46	·61	,4.00	1.17	1.38
•	38	44	•95	4.00	1.51	2.29
	. 39	49	.24	4.00	.81	.66
Clerical Duties	• 3,		•	; , .		
. •	10	23	. 2.74	4.00.	1.55	° .2.39
	22	_ 13 <sup>1</sup>	3.34	4.00	1.16	. 1.35
٠. محصر	23	27	2.37	4.00	1.31	1.73

CLUSTER TITLE	I,TEM	RANK	. MEAN	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
	26 '	15	3.14	4.00	-1.22	:1,50
,	27.	10	3.40	4.00	1.31	1.72
* 6 6	37	35	1.54	4.00	1.13	1.28
•	41 .	39	1.16	,4.00	• •79 ·	.63
• (	42	36	1.28	4.00	.87	.76
* ,	43	. 37	1.13	4.00	.89	.79 .
	44	38	1.19`	4.00	.96	.92
	49	22	2.78	4.00	1.57	2.46
., Housekeeping Duties	•		• 1	· '	ر بر بر	٠ ٠
, <b>%</b>	31	11	3.38	4.00	.93	
. 1	32	.9	3.48	4.00	.87	.75
	47 •	9 7	3.51	Ì4.00	.90	81

TABLE XIII

#### CLOTHING SPECIALIST -- TAILOR

				_ · _		
CLUSTER TĮTLE	ITEM ·	RANK	MEAN*	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
Development of Garment to Custon Wishes	er's.	•	•	. •		
	. 1	11	. 3.32 n	4.00	1.42	2.03
`	3	` 19	2.87	4.00	1.48	2.18
•	19	15	3.04	4.00	1.29	1.65
	14	, <b>7</b>	2.52	4.00	1.76	3.11
•	٠2	25	2.73	4.00	1.66	2.75
	9	39	1.24	<b>*.</b> 00	. 1 <b></b> 22	1.48
	10	46	2.07	m4.00 ,	1.27	1.61
٠,	11.	55	.67	4.00	1 33	1.77
•	12	53	1.85	4.00	1.66	2.75.
· · ·	13	37	2.28	4.00	1.56	2.42
*	.14	42	2.14	4.00	1.60	2.55
•	48	34	2.32	4.00	1.65	2.73
Possible Garment Types	; `	3				
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	<u>2</u> 5	. 54	1.79	4.00	1.69.	. 2.87
	26 <sup>·</sup>	<b>3</b> 8	2.26	4.00	1.66	2.75
	27	49,	2.04	4.00	1.68	. 2.82
	. 33	29:	2.39	4.00	1.70	2.89

CLUSTER TIPLE	ITEM	RANK	MŒAN .	RANGE	S.Đ.	VARIANÇE
•• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			, ,	**,	· · ·	
Construction of Garment			• •	•		•
	47	. 4	3.60	4.00	.93	.87
	7	18	2.93	4.00	1.73	3.00
	8	, 5,	3.69	4.00	1.04	1.08
	20 r	43	2.14	4.00	1.67	2.79
• *	21	44	2.09.	4.00	1.65	2.72
	22	47 '.	2.04	4.00	1.71	° 2.91
•	28	.50	2.00	4.00	1.78	. 3.18,
•	23.	, 48	2.04	*, 4 <u>.</u> 00	", <b>1.</b> 75	2.04
	• 15	30	2.35	4.00	1.62	2.64
•	16	. ° 36	2.29·	4.00	, ; <b>&gt;</b> 1.78	· 3.17.
•	. • • 29	45	2.09	4.00	1.85	` <b>\</b> 3.42
1.	<b>३</b> 30	41	2.17	4.00	1.83	; 3.38
<i>/</i> · · · ·	31	- 28	2.52	4:00	. 1.93	3.72
•	17	32 ·	2:33	4:00	1.69	2.84
•	18	, 10	3.50	4.00	1.40	· 1.30
*	, 52	9	3.52	4.00	1.18	1.40
	• /,32-	23	2.78	· .00	1.81	3.26
7	34	6	3.58	4.00	.90	.81
•	39	16	3.04	•	1.59	2.52
	42.		2.30	4.00		2.68
	42.	35 . , 33	2.33	4.00		•2.58
		• • •	•	, ,	•	<i>.</i> .
* · · ·	44 · • ;	. 22	2.79	4.00	ř. 38	1.91

÷

CLUSTER TITLE	ITEM	· RANK	MEAN	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
	'45	21	2.83	4.00	1.31	1.72
•	35	2,7	2.54.	4.00	1.42	2.02
	² 2¥	<b>≈</b> 26 ·	2.73	4.00	, 1.69	2.85
	36	13	3.19	4.00	., 1.36	, 1.85 °
	41	40	2.19	4.00	1.50	2.24
•	48	20	2.87	4.00	1.01	1.02
	37	24 .	2.75	4.00	1.62	2.63
	46 •	5	3.59	4.00	1.09	1.18
Clerical Duties		1	•,			
	5 🗞	31 🦿	્રું 2, 33	4.00.	1.80	3.23
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	38	52	1.88	4.00	1.36	1.86
	53 .	3	3.64	4.00	.•91	.83
	54	14	3.13	4.00	1.48	2.19
	55	17	2,94	1 4.00	, 1.48	, 2.20
Miscellaneous	,		,, (		•	
	6.	√, a' . 8	3.52·	4.00	1.21	1.46
	49 .	· 51	1.92	4.00.	1.60	2.55
• •	50		<b>3.</b> 85	.4.00ŏ	.78	.62
1. 1.	51 ·	12 - 🦡	3.24	, 4.00 Å	1.43	<sup>2</sup> .05

TABLE XIV

CLOTHING SPECIALIST -- ALTERATIONS

	, , ,			<u>-</u>		
CLUSTER TITLE	ÌŢEM',	RANK	MEAN -	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
Analyzation of	1	4	<del>-</del>	<del></del>		, <b>1</b> 55
Fitting Problem		<b>.</b>	•		•.	
•	1	. 28	2.60	4,00	•75	.57
, • • •	2	1 1	3.58	4.00	1.08	1.17
	<b>3</b> .	5, ,	3.26	4.00	1.41	1.99
`	4	30 .	2.56	,4.00	1.48	2.19
•	5'	. 17	2.89	₩.00	1.67	2.80
	6 .	44	2.04 /	4.00	1.55	2.39
	· '7' .	. 24	2.73	4.00	1.70	2.90
	8	45	1.84	4.00	1.78	3.17
	.* . 9	. 21°	1.67	4.00	1.45	2.10
	10	. 12	3.04	4.00	1.43	2.04
	11	_ 18 ··	2.89	4.00	1.82	3.31
, d	12	. 52°	1.66	1.00	1.11	1.24
	23	,22	2.80	4,00	1.80	3.25
Alterations Off	ered		-			
	18	417	3.40	4.00	1.40	1.95
	195	14	3.02	4.00	a. 36,	1.86
	-20	6	3.18	4.00	1.41	2.00
- 3	26	. 19	2.86	4.00	1.55	2.39
	: 27	54	1,66	4.00	J.37.	1.87
Or .	, ••		110	; ; ;	S	

	-		<del>-</del>			<del></del>
CLUSTÈR TITLE	TEM	RANK	MEAÑ	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE.
	28	. 15	2.96	4.00	1.50	2.24
a	29	· 63	1.02	4.00	1.17	1.37
• ,	35	36	2.44	4.00	1.43	2.03
	· 37	33	2.51	4.00	1.67	2.79
	40	65	.80	4.00	1.64	2.67
•	41	20 .	2.86	4.00	1.36	1.84
	48	. 2	3.53	ħ.00 ,	1.62.	2.62
	49	ħ2 <sup>~</sup>	2.07	4.00 🛴	1,71	2.92
	50 -	6ó	1.31	. 4.00	1.43	2.04
	51	26	2.66	4.00	1.56	2.44
	52-	£ 61 ′	1.22	4.00	1.59	2.52.
•	5,4	<b>5</b> 9	. 1.38	4:00	1.50 :	2.24
	, <b>55</b>	29 .	. 2.60	4.00	1.31	1.71
	56	34	2.47	4 • <u>0</u> 0	1.66	2.74
9	36	, 16	2.93	4.00	1.62	2.62
	21	.8	, 3.16	4.00	1.34	1.80.
	25	32 .	2.51	4.0ò	1.36	1.86
	47	11	3.07	4.00	1.09	1.19
epair or Replace		•••	· . i		,	.*
ent within Garme	ents	:				
	.30	<sup>°</sup> 69	.46	4.00	1.26	1.58
. (	31	· 2-5	2.69	4.00	1.40	1.95
,	32	21	2.82	4.00	1.43	22.03
	38	- 58	1.47	4.00	1.58	2.51
	, .	:	<b>3</b> .		68	

			·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
CLUSTER TITLE	TTEM	RANK	MEAN	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCI
	39	38	2.26.	4.00	1,35	1.82
	42	10	3.09.	4.00	1.47	2.15
•	53	46	1.84	4.00	1.48.	2.25
·	57 /	37	2.27	4.00	1.54	2.36
,	62	4.8	<b>1</b> 2-75	4.00	1.39	1.93
	63	43	2.07	4:00:-	1.46	2.12
	. 64	. 49	1.75	4.00	1.44	2.07
	65	57	1.51	4.00	.93	87
	66	70	- 33	ر4.00	1.40	1.96
·	67	66	75	4.00	1.20	1.44
	×68	68	<b>.</b> 56	4.00	1.47	2.16
	69	50.	1.75	4.00	.72	.52
ressing		,				
	33	- 64	1.00 .	400	1.58 🕏	2.49
	34	35 3	2.46	\$ 4.00	1.69	2.85
	58,	47	· 1.75	4.00	1.63	2.67
	.59	40.	2.16	4.00	1.52	2.31
lérical Dutié	s ·	- 14	,		•	•
	13	3 .	3.40	4.00	1.59	2.53
	14	na 23 🖫	2.76		1.79	3.22
	15	31	2.56	<b>,</b> 4.00	1.89	3.56
2	22	9	3.09	4.00	1.53	2.33
	43	55	1.64	4.00	1.19	1:41-
					• •	•

AND THE PARTY OF

				25.		<u>.</u>
CLUSTER TITLE	ITEM	. RANK	MEAN	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
	44	62	1.04	4.00	1.16	1.33
	. 60	27	2.64	4.00	1.88	3.54
**** ** ******************************	61	56 ·	1.62	4.00	1.66	2.76 <sub>\-</sub>
• •	71	67	.58	4.00	1.97	3.87
Miscellaneous		•	,			
•	16.	53-	1.66	4000	1.53	2.35
	_17.	13	3.02	4.00	1.27	2:1,62
3,	24	41 .	. 2.09	4.00	1.46	2.12
	45	<b>3</b> 9	2.22	4.00	1.38	1.90
	46	·7	3.18	4.00	1.45	2.10
	- 70	· 71	.07	4.00	31	1.7 <i>2</i>

TABLE XV

CLOTHING MAINTENANCE -- DRYCLEANING

	• ,				·	
CLUSTER TITLE	ĮTEM	RANK .	MEAN	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
Spotting Operat:	ions'	•	_ <del>`</del>			,67
	· з	ı	3.75	4.00	91	.83
. •	14	. 5	3 <b>.</b> 55	4.00	1.19	1.42
`	<del>-</del> 5	6 •	3.54.	4.00	1.19	1.42
	6	3	3.63	4.00	1.14	1.30
,	7	15 ·	2.68	4.00	1.68	2.84
Cleaning and Drying Operatio	ns.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•			<i>•</i>
	2 -	8.	3.41	4.00	1 -29	1.66
,	8	⁄18 ·	2.47	0 ھون	1.88	3.52
	9 .	9 .	3.24 .	4.00	1.31	1.72
	10	21	2,28	4.00	1.84	3.37
er son	1,1	<sup>†</sup> 4	3.57	4.00	1.01	1.02
et i	12	25	1.68	4.00	1.94	3.76
Pressing Operat	cions			, •.		
	13	. 10	3.13	4.00	1.33	1.77
	. 14	22	2,23	4.00	1.90	3.62
	18	20	2.39	4.00	1.81	3:27
	, 24	28	.83	4.00	· 1.73′	2.99
	22	· 2·	3.67	4.00	.43	.18
	23	14	2.75	4.00	1.51	2.27

						<del></del>
CLUSTER TITLE	ITEM	RANK	MEAN	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
Repair and Misce	ellane-	,	`			
•	15 .	7	3.43	4.00	1.06	° . 1.12 ·
•	16	24	· 1 <b>.</b> 93	4.00	1.90	3.60
	17	, <sub>2</sub> 30.	.25	4,00	1.16	1.35
	19	29	.49 -	4,00	1.33	1.78
,	20	31	04	~ 4.00 °	.81	.66
• `	32	32	.01	4.00	.78	61
Clerical Duties	•		•	-	•	
•	. 1	<sub>5</sub> 12	2.90	4.00	1.58	2.48
. 4	. 25	.11	2.92	4.00	1.51	2.28
	26	· 16	2.64	4.00	1.61	2.60
• •	27	23	2.20	4.00	1.32	1.75
	28 ′	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 7	1.11	4.00	1.38	1.90 /
	29	19.	2.40	4,00	1.49	2.22
Equipment Main- tenance and Hous keeping Duties	se-		•	S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S	•	
	- 21	26	1.56	4.00	1.83	3.35
97	30	17	2.50	4.00	1.45	2.10
	-31	13	2.84	4.00	1.46	2.12

TABLE XVI

CLOTHING MAINTENANCE -- LAUNDRY

CLUSTER TITLE	ITEM .	RÅNK	MEAN	RANGE	s.D.	VARIANCE
Laundry Preparation Operations	9	4	·		45 70	
	1	1	3.79	4:00	. 83	.69
	2		3 39	،. که .oó	1.29	1.66
•	3 .	3	3.36	4.00	× 1.42	2.02
	4	5 .	2.93	4.00	1.74	3.03
	5	4	3.11. <sub>1</sub> ,	4.00	· 1.66	2.77
Washing & Drying Operations	ا پیچار دستان					
	6, 34.	.: 8 <del>.</del> .	2.82	<b>å</b> .00∷	1.68	2.81
	7	. 10,	2.50	¥.00.	1, 86	3.47
	8.	9	2.68	.00	1.71	2.92
1	14	15	2.25	4.00	1.89	3.57
The same of the sa	 , î;	12	2.46	4.00	1.91	3.64
	9	· 7	2.86	. 4.00	1:69,	2.85
	10	, (,6)	2 89	4.00	1.70	2.88
Ironing & Pressing Operations						
	. 25	17	1.71	4.00	2:00,	3.99
	\ 26 ,	24	.86	4.00	1.92	3.69
/-	2,7	: 30,	1.08 7	4.00	1.78	3.16.
· . /	12	21,	1.46	4.00	189	3.56
	13	22	1.43	4,00	1.90	3.61
• / .:	, •		* 7 9		*4,**	

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					San San San San San San San San San San	· .
CLUSTER TITLE	ITĖM	. RANK , &	MEAN	RANGE	S.D.	VARIANCE
	16	31	.82,	4.00	\$1.66	2.76
1	17	28	1.00	. 4.00	1.73	2.99
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18	25	1.25	4.00	1.92	3.68
	19	29	.93	4.00	1.85	3.41
	20	27.	1.01	.4.00	1.89	3.57
	• 21	. 34	•57	4.00	1.66	<sup>2</sup> .75
	33	32	.82	4.00	1.72	2.96
	, 22	14	2.29 .	4.00	1.82	3.30
	23 ,	13	2.43	4.00	1.87	al- 3.50
	24	11	2.50	4,00	1.88	3.55
Clerical Duties	•			,		
	29	26	1.21	0.0	1.81	3.26
	3ò	33	.64	4:00	1.63,	2.64
	, 31	23	1.43	4.00	1.90	3.63·
	32	.50	1.57	4.00	2.04	4.17
	34	18	1.71	4.00	2.01	l. 04.
Equipment Mainter ance and House- keeping Duties	-	,	,	•	•	
	11	· 16	2.11	4.00	1.83	-3.33
	28	19	1.64	4.00	1.95	3.79

#### TABLE XVII

### MEAN FREQUENCY FOR FABRIC SPECIALIST

RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TAS	MEAN FREQUENCY
1,	2.	Select appropriate notions according to fabric content	3.94
2	1	Aid customer in selection of fabric content for end use	3.93
3	35	Give customer information about care procedure for fabrics	3.89
-4-	4	Aid customer in selection of interfacings for each fabric content	3.87
5	.3 <u>.</u> 14	Aid customer in selecting a fabric suitable for a particular pattern	3.74
6	33	Aid customer in selecting a pattern appropriate for a particular fabric	3.64
7.	. 47	Do housekeeping duties, i.e., dust, sweep	3.51
8	· 3	Aid customer in pattern selection for her figure	3.49
9	32	Restock shelves /.	3.48
10	27	Do routine office work: answer telephone, take messages, filing	3.40
71	, 31	Do routine cleaning of tables and shelves	3.38
, 12	36	Lay patterns on fabrics to see if pattern will fit a specified amount of fabric	· , 3.36
13	22	Order patterns	3.34
14.	ii	Stock shelves with notions	3.31
15	. 26	Handle customer complaints	43.14

\*Descending Order Scale - 0 to 4,

RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
16 .	7,	Aid customer in laying pattern pieces on difficult fabrics	3.12
17	15	Prepare remnants	3.10
18	17	Describe construction techniques best for fabric chosen and end use chosen	3.03
19 ,	,,	Keep pattern drawers in numerical order according to each individual company	3.02
20	· 9 j	Suggest accessories for garments	2.97
21 .	18 .	Can demonstrate various construction techniques to a customer	2 <b>.</b> 92 <b>°</b> ·
22.	. 49	Record incoming shipments of fabric, notions, patterns and other items	2.78_
23	10	Price fabrics	2.74
24	46 `	Can demonstrate small hand equipment to a customer	2.64
25	19	Set up displays for advertising fabrics and patterns	2.46
26	16	Prepare displays of notions	·. 2•39
27.	23	Order notions and supplies.	2.37
28	20 ·	Plan window displays for promotion of fabrics	2.06
29	, 21	Set up window displays	2.03
30 .	14	Prepare display for remnant counter	,1.99
31 .	; 40 :	Prepare signs for displays of fabric and notions	1.98
32 `	8.	Aid customer in altering pattern pieces to fit her figure types	1.69
33	45	Rell fabric onto tubes from bolts or vice versa	1.65

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
34	. 48	Construct display garments for fabric store	1.60
35	`37	Return discontinued pattern envelopes, to companies for credit	.1.54
36	. 42	Count notions	1.28
37 ·	43	Measure yardage on bolts .	1.23
38	44	Measure trims	1.19
39	41	Do inventory of retail outlet	1.16
40	°30 .	Record fabric sales on store record sheets	1.10
41	29	Record fabric sales on ends of bolts	1.06
42	5	Repair snags in knits	1.05
43	. 24	Meet with sales people to select new fabric	.97
44	38	Demonstrate sewing machines that are on display	.95
45	. 6	Repair pulled threads in woven fabrics	.85
46	28	Do construction for customer, i.e., covered buttons and belts	, 61
47	13	Teach construction classes for the retail outlet	.50
. 48	25	Meet with pattern company representatives	,39
. 49	<del></del>	Sharpen scissors and shears	.24

#### .TABLE XVIII

#### MEAN FREQUENCY FOR

#### CLOTHING SPECIALITS -- TAILOR

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
1.	50	Use accepted shop safety practices	3.85.
. 2	8	Use a power machine	3.69
· 3	53	Estimate cost and determine pick-up date	3.64
4 .	47	Adjust sewing machine for fabric being used and garment being constructed	3.60
5	46	Press when garment is finished	3.59
6 ·	34	Put in a zipper by various methods dependent on garment lines and fabric selection	3.58
7	14	Check customer measurements with those of pattern and note variations	3.52
8.	6	Work with variety of fabrics - understand how to handle them, how they hang, how they drape	. 3.52
. 9	52	Determine by experiments best procedure; amount of pressure, moisture and correct temperature to use when pressing a particular fabric	3.52.
10	18	Fit garment to customer and make needed adjustments	3.50
ii ·	·, 1 ·	Interpret the desires or wishes of castomer in relation to fit and construction of	* 2.20
12	51	Arrange efficient work center, placing equipment within easy reach when sewing considering proper height of work surfaces	3.32

\*Descending Order Scale - 0 to 4

RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY。
*13	6	Put in hems by various techniques depend- ent on garment lines and fabric selection	3.19
14	54	Keep financial records	3.13
·_ 15	19	Take body measurements	3.04
16	., 39	Purchase sewing and pressing equipment	. 3.04
17.	. 55	Schedule appointments for conferences and fittings	2.94
18	7	Use a conventional-type sewing machine	2.93
19	3	Make notes regarding body physique and stance of customer,	2.87
20	··· 48	Make belts and belt loops	2.87
21	45	Construct and attach facings or bands to skirts or pants	2.83
22	744	Construct and attach pockets to garment	2.79
23	32	Use hand equipment for pressing during construction	2.78
24	37	Make final fitting of garment	2.75
25	2	Use color, style, and technical skill to camouflage figure problems	2.73
26	, 24	Finish seams by various methods dependent on garment lines and fabric selection	2.73
. 27	35	Make buttonholes by various methods dependent on garment lines and fabric selection	2.54
. 28	31.	Preserve grain of a garment by directional pressing	2 52
29/	33	Construct a garment with more than one layer of fabric using lining, underlining, facing and interfacing	2.39

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RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
30	15	Assemble cut pieces for construction	2.35
31	.5	Arrive at work agreement including fabric amounts and notions with customer	2.33
32,	17	* Baste garment pieces together	2.33
33	43	Construct and attach collars to garment.	. 2.33
34,	40	Alter pattern to minimize body physique as round shoulders, high hip, one shoulder or one hip higher	2.32
· 35'	, 42	Construct and attach sleeves to garment	2.30
· 36	16	Perform construction techniques in unit sequence	2.29
37	. 13	Alter pattern so that the garment will fit customer	2.28
38 ,	26	Construct pants, slacks and shorts for customer	¹2 <b>.</b> 26
39 .	9	Design (sketch) a garment	2.24
40	* 41	Add decorative trim to a garment	12.19
41	30	Preserve grain of a garment by directional stitching	`2.17
42	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Interpret pattern layout and make adapta- tions when advisable to individual customer's tastes	2.14
43.	<sup>7</sup> 20 :	Prepare material for laying out the pattern	2.14
44	21	Adjust the pattern for individual's measurements	2.09
45	29	Preserve grain of a garment by stay-stitching	2.09
46	10.	Draft a pattern to carry out design	2.07
47	. 22	Use hand equipment for cutting the pattern from fabric	2.0կ

:	RANK*	ITEM NUMBEF	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
	48	23/	Mark fabric with various techniques dependent on fabric selection	2.04
	• 49	. 27	Construct jackets and coats for customer	2.04
	50	. 28	Preserve grain of a garment by laying out pattern according to grain specifications	2.00
	51	49	Study fabric market	1.92
,	52	38	Purchase sewing and pressing equipment	, 1.88
•	<i>/</i> 53	12	Carry out design using flat pattern method	1.85
	54	. 25	Construct dresses, skirts, and blouses or tops for customer	1.79.
	55 <sub>.</sub>	, 11	Drape to carry out design (using dress form)	.67



TABLE XIX

#### MEAN FREQUENCY FOR

#### CLOTHING SPECIALIST -- ALTERATIONS

RANK*	ITEM; NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
1	, 2	Analyze fitting problems of customer	3.58
2 .	48	Alter shoulder length or slope	3.53
3	13 . ,	Prepare a tag indicating alterations and giving instructions	· 3.40 *
4 .	. 18	Alter length of coat, skirt, dress,/slacks	3.40
5	. 3	Fit garment on customer, examining: location and slope of shoulder line	3.26
6.	20 :	Alter waist measurement	3.18
7.	. 46.	Arrange efficient work center, placing equipment within easy reach when sewing, considering proper height of work surfaces	· 3.18
8	. '21	Sew rips and seams	3.16
9.	22	Arrive at work agreement with customer	3.09
10 *	42	Repair holes, knit and woven fabrics	3.09
11 '	47	Rip stitching without injuring fabric	3.07
12	10	Fit garment on customer, examining: ease at hipline	3.04
13	17	Use smaller sewing equipment (ex. seam ripper, ruler, button holer, etc.)	3.02
14	19 .	Alter length of sleeves in coat, suit, dress	3.02
15	28	Change style of suit	2.96
16 ·	36	Performance of various hem types	2.93 /
17.	5 · ·	Fit garment on customer, examining: location of grain lines	2.89

\*Descending Order Scale - 0 to

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RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK		MEAN FREQUENCY
18	11 -	Fit garment on customer, examinatesign of garments	ing:	2.89
19	· · 26	Taper shirts	•	. 2.86
20 -	41	Cuff trousers	, ,	2.86
21	32	Turn Ifrayed shirt collar and cu	ffs	2.82
22	. 53	Maintain grain line in fitting		2.80
23	. 14	Estimate cost and determine pic	k-up date	2.76
24 .	. 7	Fit garment on customer, examin position of darts in bodice and		2:.73
25	~*31	Attach hooks and eyes, snaps, a	nd buttons .	2.69
26	51	Change location and length of d	arts	21.66
27	60 、	Keep financial records		2.64
28	1,	Offer suggestions, when request desirable alterations	ed, for	2.60
29	55	Taper legs of pants and slacks	•	- 2:60
30	1 4	Fit garment on customer, examin position of waistline	ing:	2.56
31	15	Make claim check		2.56
32	25 ,	Rip stitches from darts and sea section to be sewed	ms of	2.51
33	. 37	Alter waistline of skirts at da	rt and side-	2.51
34	.56 -	Alter placement of collars on s	uits or coat	s 2.47.
.: 35.	34	Press on wong side to avoid sh	ine on fabri	cs 2,46
36 ⋅	· 35 <b>·</b>	Correct fitting problems in jac	kets and coa	ts 2.44
.37 :	57	Patch garment	•	2.27
38	39 💸	Replace dress linings and coat	linings	2.26

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RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
39 .	45	Use accepted shop safety practices	2.22
40 .	59	Determine by experiments best procedure; amount of pressure, moisture and correct temperature to use on fabric	2.16
41 *	. 24	Keep sewing machine clean and oiled	2.09
, 42	49	Increase or reduce bust size	2.07-
43	63	Repair torn pockets	2.07
f4t	6	Fit garment on customer, examining: length of bodice and sleeve	2.04
45	. 8	Fit garment on customer, examining: ease at bust	1.84
46 ,	∙53	Relocate zipper	1.84
47	<b>58</b>	Press to shape or mold pieces of garments	, 1.75
48	62	Reinforce frayed buttonholes	 1.75
49	64	Replace worn pockets	1.75
50/	69	'Mend linens for hospitals, nursing homes, hotels, motels	1.75
· 51·	9 -	Fit garment on customer, examining: « measurement of waistline	1.67
<u>5</u> 2	12	Mark or pin garment indicating desired alterations	1.66
53	16	Use various types of sewing machines	1.66
54	21	Alter pants cuff width	1.66
55	43	Select and purchase sewing equipment and tools needed for working efficiently as alterer; such as sewing machine, irons, pressing equipment and small tools.	· 4.64
· · · · ·	· . ^		

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RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
56 ₹	61	Schedule appointments for conferences and	1.62
57	65	Mend lingerie as: replace elastic insets	1.51
· 58	38	Replace fasteners	1.47
59 '	54	Adjust crotch of pants	1.38
60 ~	• 50	Increase or decrease hip measurement	1.31
61	52 .	Alter neck line	1.22
62 . +	44	Select and purchase sewing notions; such as zippers, thread, buttons, etc.	1.04
63	29	Change coat from double breasted to single breasted	,1.02
. 64	33	Press with the warp to avoid stretching	1.00
65	,40	Alter trousers at waistline and hipline	80
66	67	Mend lingerie as: mend foundation garments	•75
. 67	71.	Do routine office work (i,e., answer tele- phone, take messages, and file)	.58
68	. 68	Repair belts and belt loops	.56
69	*30 ·	Make zipper replacement:	.46
70	, 66	Mend lingerie as: replace fasteners	•33
<del>(</del> 71	70	Replace or change labels in garments	.07
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#### TABLE XX

#### MEAN FREQUENCY FOR

### CLOTHING MAINTENANCE -- DRYCLEANING.

RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
. , 1 .	3 .	Separate garments with spots and stains	3.71
2	22	- Hang garments or fold	3:67
, 3 ,	6	Spray steam, water, or air over spot to flush out chemicals and dry garments	3 <b>.</b> 63
14	. 11	Place clothes into a tumbler or hot air cabinet for drying	3.58
5	<b>4</b> .	Apply reagents to spots and stains before garments are cleaned	3.55
.6	5	Sprinkle chemical solvents over stains and pat area with brush or sponge until stain is removed	3.54
7	15 .	Separate garments that need repair	3.43
8	2	Separate clothes into baskets for cleaning according to fabric type	, 3.41
.9	9	Select time cycle for each basket of clothes	3.24
10	13 '	Steam prese garment after drying	3.13
. 11	' 25	Compare customer's garments with original invoice	2 <b>.</b> 92 .
' 12•	.1	Prepare customer s claim ticket	2.90
.13.	31	Do routine housekeeping tasks	2.84
. 14	<sup>*</sup> 23 ·	Assemble bundles of customers' garments .	2.75
15	7	Apply chemicals to neutralize effect of solvents	2.68

<sup>\*</sup>Descending Order Scale - O to 4

-	RANK*	ITEM . NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
`	16.	26	Do routine office work	2.64
	-17	<del>30</del>	Do routine maintenance work on equipment	2.50
	18	8	Select solvent for each basket of clothes	2.47.
	19	29	Handle customer complaints	2.40
	20	18	Shape garments according to style lines	2.39
	21	10-	Transfer clothes to extractor to remove solvent	2.28
	22	14.	Use shoe plates on irons to eliminate sheen or prevent scorching on fabric	2.23.
•	23	27	Order new supplies such as solvents, chemical reagents, and dyes from suppliers	2.20
	24	16 ,	Repair small tears or holes in garment	1.93
	25.	12	Place clothes into a cold air cabinet for drying	1.68;
	, <u>a</u> 6	21	Clean tubs after using drycleaning solvent	1.56
	27	- 28	Order new equipment from suppliers	1.11
	28	24	Use pant shapers to form legs of pants	.83
	. 29	: 19	Remove color from garments	. 49
	30	, 17	Reweave holes in garments	.25
	31 **	20	Redye garment	.04
	32	\$2	Select dyes for various fiber contents	.01
	o '	. \.		¥ a

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#### TABLE XXI

#### MEÁN FREQUENCY FOR

#### CLOTHING MAINTENANCE -- LAUNDRY

<del></del>		<u> </u>	
RANK	ITEM, NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
'l ;	ı	Separate clothes by color	3.79 '
2,	2,	Separate clothes by fiber content	3, 39
3 _	3	Separate clothes with stains and spots	3.36
4.	5	Identify spots and stains	e, 3.11
• 5.	4	Remove spots before laundering	2.93
6	' 10	Dry clothes for time needed	2.89
7 .	9	Select temperature of drying cycle for each load of clothes	2.86
8 .	. 6.	Select water temperature for each basket, of clothes	, 2.82
9 <b>:</b>	<u>:</u> 8	Select type of wash cycle needed for each load of clothes	2.68
10	7	Select type of soap or detergent to be used with each load of clothes	. 2.50
11	24	Assemble bundles of garments for customer	2.50
12	15 .	Determine amount of softener needed for each load of clothes, if used	2.46
13 ′	23 .	Hang garments	2.43
<del>1</del> 14	€2	Fold garments	. 2.29
(15) J	_14	Determine amount of starch needed for each load of clothes, if used	2.25

<sup>\*</sup>Descending Order Scale - O to 4

RANK*	ITEM NUMBER	TASK	MEAN FREQUENCY
16	· · · · 11	Clean laundry tubs after washing clothes	2.11
' 17°.	• 25	Separate garments that need repair	1.71
. "18 ,	~ 3 <sup>1</sup> 4 ·	Prepare customer's claim ticket	ì.71
19	¢ 28	Do routine maintenance work on laundry equipment	1.64
, 20 ·	32 •	Do routine office work: answer telephone, take orders, take messages, filing	.57
21	), 12	Select ironing temperature for each load of clothes	1,46
, \$52 ,	13	Select ironing temperature according to type of fabric for clothes	1.43
23	31.	Handle customer complaints	1.43
. 24	``26	Send garments for repair to seamstress	. 1.39
25	18 •	Iron linens with crisp folds	1,25.
26	``	Order new supplies such as detergent, soap, starch, softener, from supplier	, 1.21
27	20.	Use finisher on shirts	1.11
28	• 17	Use a pad for igoning of garments	.1.00
.29	19	Shape collars and cuffs	. • •93
30 .	27	Repair small tears or burn spots	, .86
31	16	Iron on wrong side of garment	.82
. <b>3</b> 2	33	Use a covering cloth when pressing to prevent scorching or to avoid sheen on fabrics	.82
33	30	Order new equipment from supplier	:64
,3 <sup>1</sup> 4 .	•21	Iron garments with warp to avoid stretching	·57
٧.	•	'a	

APPENDIX D.

# DESCRIPTORS USED IN ERIC SEARCH:

Employment Qualifications
Occupational Home Economics
Clothing Maintenance Specialist
Sewing Machine Operators
Seamstresses

Clothing Design
Pattern Making
Needle Trades
Clothing

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APPENDIX E



# JOB OPPORTUNITIES

1. Clothing Specialist: Tailor - Alteration Specialist

Master Tailor

Tailor / 3

Tailor Apprentice.

Dressmaker

Seamstress

Alteration Woman

Mender

Alteration Tailors

Hand Sewer

Tailor's Assistant

Hat Trimmer

Women's Carment Fitter

Clothes Room Helper

Wardrobe Assistant

Home Clothing Maintenance Specialist

Children's Seamstress

Clothing Maintenance Dry Cleaner

Dry Cleaner

Dry Cleaner's Helper

Marker

Spotter

Wetcleaner

Finisher (silk, wool, lining)

Inspector

Seamstress Route Men

Clothing Maintenance: Laundry

Washer

. Láunderer

Route Man

Seamstress

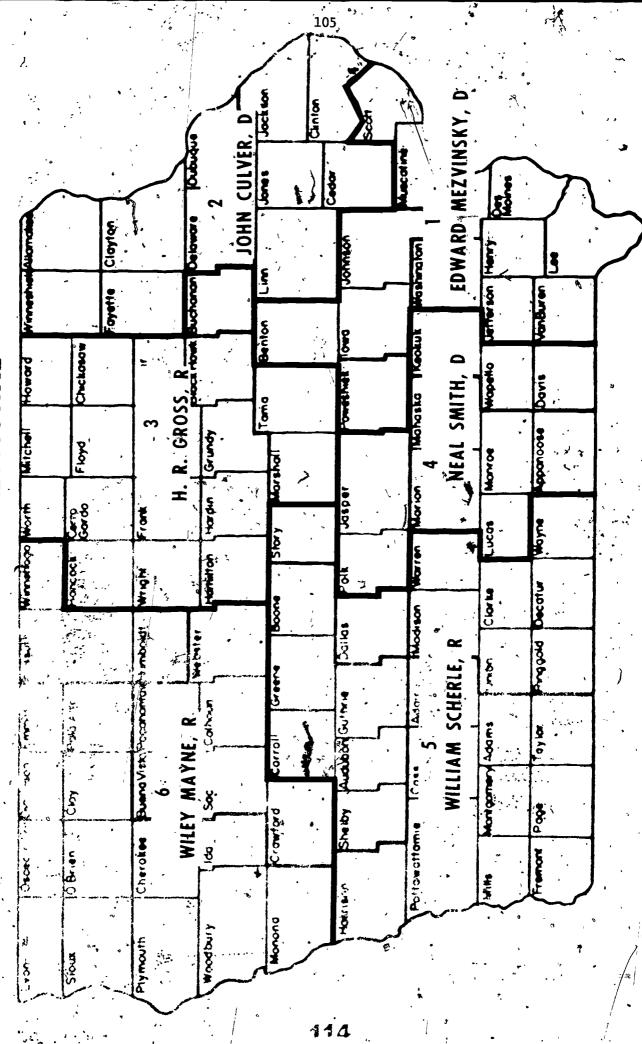
Fabric Specialist:

Fabric Sales Personnel

APPENDIX F

ERIC Full text Provided by ERIC

# IOWA CONGRESSIONAL



ERIC Foundation for ERIC

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### RESOURCE PEOPLE CONTACTED

- 1. Brown, Dorothy (Mrs.), Consultant, Career Education Division,
  Department of Public Instruction, Grimes State Office
  Building, Des Moines, Ioya.
- 2, Dahmus, Rita (Ms.), University of Northern Iowa, Cedar Falls, Iowa.
- Megivern, Jo (Mrs.), University of Northern Iowa, Cedar Falls, Iowa.
- 4. Oslund, Charlotte (Miss), University of Northern Iowa, Cedar Falls, Iowa.
- 5. Swanson, Cecil, Iowa Employment Security Commission, 1000 E. Grand, Des Moines, Iowa.
- 6. Yetley, Robert, Iowa Employment Security Commission, 1000 E. Grand, Des Moines, Iowa.
- 7. Black Hawk County/Iowa Employment Security Commission, 527 E. \5th Street, Waterloo, Iowa.
- 8. International Institute of Fabricare, Laundry Division, P. O. Box 940, Joliet, Illinois.
- 9. Menswear Retailers of America, 390 National Press Building, Washington, D. C. 20004.
- 10. National Institute of Dry Cleaners, Silver Spring, Maryland.

APHENDIX H

## ADDITIONAL TASKS LISTED FOR

# FABRIC SPECIALIST

- 1. Supervise employees.
- 2. Handle special phone requests.
- 3. Deliver to those handicapped in shopping.
- 4. Write vendors or buyers for help in obtaining special request fabrics.
- 5. Advise Home Decorating Projects.
- 6. Speak to Home Economic and 4-H groups.
- 7. Advise customer where they might buy if we don't carry the item.
- 8. Pay bills.
- 9. Book work.
- 10. Return of defective merchandise.
- 11. Plan work schedule.
- Daily cash reports.
- 13. Help prepare billings for schools.
- 14. Demonstrate vacuum cleaners
- 15. Model for store:
- 16. Unpack'shipments...
- 17. Attend fabric showings.
- 18. Make radio commercials for store.
- 19. Comparative shopping.
- 20. Prepare sewing machine repair forms.

# ADDITIONAL TASKS LISTED FOR CLOTHING SPECIALIST -- TAILOR

- 1. Alter ready-to-wear garments.
- 2. Repair or replace parts of garments.
- 3. Make patterns from pictures in style book.
- 4. Give private tailoring or sewing lessons.
- 5. Tailoring new lady's garments.
- 6. Make drapes.
- 7. Consult with clothing manufacture representatives
- 8. Instruct adult education class in evening school.
- 9. Remodel old garments.
- 10. Help people with sewing problems.
- 11. Make sample garments for shop.

# ADDITIONAL TASKS LISTED FOR

# CLOTHING SPECIALIST -- ALTERATIONS

- 1. Dust, sweep, mop, clean windows.
- 2. Tag, and hang clothes arrange clothes.
- Work on books.
- 4. Part-time sales lady.
- 5. Replace knits on sleeves of coats.
- 6. Apply leather patches on sweaters and coat elbows.
- 7. Make and attach perspiration shields in men's suit coats.
- 8. Put lettering on coats and shirts.
- 9. Make and sew "kick pleats" in bottom of pant legs.
- 10. Téach lingerie lessons.
- 11. Hand and machine monogramming.
- 12. Hand weaving.
- 13. Crochet and embroidery.
- 14. Fit foundation garments.
- 15. Prepare advertising and displays.
- 16. Attend men's fashion shows.
- 17. Make pillows (renovate feathers)
- 18. Assist with leather garments.
- 19. Pad shoulders and necklines of suits or coats.
- 20. Cleaner and presser.
- 21. Mark merchandise.

### ADDITIONAL TASKS LISTED FOR

# CLOTHING MAINTENANCE -- DRYCLEANING

- 1. Touch up all shirts.
- 2. Pick up and delivery.
- 3. Wool pressing.
- 4. Related "wet-cleaning" operations as necessary.
- 5. Prepáre advertising.
- 6. Make necessary contracts for money from banks.
- 7. Change filters in D.C.
  - 8. Do regular bookkeeping daily.
  - 9. Use feather pillow cleaning machine.
- 10. Contacting new customers.
- 11. Alterations.
- 12. Sort and weigh loads.
- 13. Search pockets for articles left by customers.
- 14. Hand iron shirts and table linens.
- 15. Press and fold draperies.
- 16. Blow down boiler and add boiler compound.
- 17. Testing and maintaining soap content, fabric conditioners, etc. for solvent conditions.

# ADDITIONAL TASKS LISTED FOR CLOTHING MAINTENANCE -- LAUNDRY

- 1. Help on flat work ironer.
- 2. Put sox on machine.
- /3. Keep machinery oiled.
- 4. Weigh loads for washer extractors.
- 5. Schedule proper loads in sequence. .
- 6. Check in individual bundles.
- 7. Get route men's bundles ready to go.